



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

HIGH GLOSS

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name : HIGH GLOSS

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Solvent borne coating for interior and exterior use.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ICI Paints AkzoNobel,  
Wexham Road,  
Slough,  
Berkshire,  
SL2 5DS, U.K.  
Tel.: +44 (0) 333 222 70 70  
www.duluxtrade.co.uk

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : duluxtrade.advice@akzonobel.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Telephone number : Emergency Telephone : Slough +44 (0) 1753 550000

Version : 1.01

Date of previous issue : 2-12-2020

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity : 0%

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity : 0%

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

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**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****Hazard pictograms****Signal word**

: Warning

**Hazard statements**: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.**Precautionary statements****General**: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.**Prevention**: P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.  
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.**Response**: P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.**Storage**

: P235 - Keep cool.

**Disposal**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients**: Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics  
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0, 1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons  
Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

: Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements****Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings**

: Not applicable.

**Tactile warning of danger**

: Not applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards****Other hazards which do not result in classification**

: None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2 Mixtures**

: Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33	≥10 - ≤17	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics,	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]

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## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

< 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9	≤1.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Hydrocarbons,C10-C13,n-alkanes,isoalkanes,cyclics,<2%aromatics	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39	≤0.44	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
strontium bis (2-ethylhexanoate)	EC: 219-536-3 CAS: 2457-02-5	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1]
1,2-dichlorobenzene	EC: 202-425-9 CAS: 95-50-1 Index: 602-034-00-7	<0.1	Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6 CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 1, H370 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard  
 [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit  
 [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII  
 [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII  
 [5] Substance of equivalent concern  
 [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 4: First aid measures**

- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures****5.1 Extinguishing media**

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 6: Accidental release measures****6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

**For non-emergency personnel** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**6.2 Environmental precautions** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up** : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling** : Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.  
**Information on fire and explosion protection**  
Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations.

**Notes on joint storage**

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

**Additional information on storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

**7.3 Specific end use(s)**

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

**8.1 Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1,2-dichlorobenzene	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 306 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 153 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
methanol	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 333 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

**PNECs**

No PNECs available

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

**Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Eye/face protection** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

**Gloves**

: When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton ® or Nitrile, thickness  $\geq 0.38$  mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness  $\geq 0.12$  mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

**Body protection**

: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.

**Other skin protection**

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection**

: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators.

### OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

The current Control of Lead at Work Regulations approved code of practice should be consulted for advice on protective clothing and personal hygiene precautions. Care should also be taken to exclude visitors, members of the household and especially children from the affected area, during the actual work and the subsequent clean up operations. All scrapings, dust, etc. should be disposed of by the professional painting contractor as Hazardous Waste.

Extra precautions will also need to be taken when burning off old lead-based paints because fumes containing lead will be produced. It is recommended that a respirator, approved for use with particulate fumes of lead is selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Similar precautions to those given above about sanding should be taken with reference to protective clothing, disposal of scrapings and dusts, and exclusion of other personnel and especially children from the building during actual work and the subsequent clean up operations.

Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### OLD LEAD-BASED PAINTS:

When surfaces are to be prepared for painting, account should be taken of the age of the property and the possibility that lead-pigmented paint might be present. There is a possibility that ingestion or inhalation of scrapings or dust arising from the preparation work could cause health effects. As a working rule you should assume that this will be the case if the age of the property is pre 1960.

Where possible wet sanding or chemical stripping methods should be used with surfaces of this type to avoid the creation of dust. When dry sanding cannot be avoided, and effective local exhaust ventilation is not available, it is recommended that a dust respirator is worn, that is approved for use with lead dusts, and its type selected on the basis of the COSHH assessment, taking into account the Workplace Exposure Limit for lead in air. Furthermore, steps should be taken to ensure containment of the dusts created, and that all practicable measures are taken to clean up thoroughly all deposits of dusts in and around the affected area.

Respiratory protection in case of dust or spray mist formation. (particle filter EN143 type P2) Respiratory protection in case of vapour formation. (half mask with combination filter A2-P2 til concentrations of 0,5 Vol%.)

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Avoid the inhalation of dust. Wear suitable face mask if dry sanding. Special precautions should be taken during surface preparation of pre-1960s paint surfaces over wood and metal as they may contain harmful lead.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Colour</b>	: Various: See label.
<b>Odour</b>	: Not available.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	: Not available.
<b>pH</b>	: Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	: Not available.
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	: 185°C
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: 32°C
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: Not available.



**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	: Not available.
<b>Vapour density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1.19
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	: Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	: Kinematic (room temperature): 5.89 cm <sup>2</sup> /s
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	: Not available.
<b>9.2. Other information</b>	
<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

**Acute toxicity**

## HIGH GLOSS

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours	
1,2-dichlorobenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	1228 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	840 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	4386 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	500 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	5 g/kg	-	
	LDLo Intravenous	Mouse	400 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo Intravenous	Rabbit	250 mg/kg	-	
	LDLo Oral	Guinea pig	2000 mg/kg	-	
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-	
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	1 mg/kg	-	
	TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	735 mg/kg	-	
	methanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
		LD50 Intraperitoneal	Guinea pig	3556 mg/kg	-
LD50 Intraperitoneal		Hamster	8555 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intraperitoneal		Mouse	10765 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intraperitoneal		Rabbit	1826 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intraperitoneal		Rat	7529 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intravenous		Mouse	4710 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intravenous		Rabbit	8907 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Intravenous		Rat	2131 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Dog	7500 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Monkey	7 g/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Monkey	7000 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Mouse	5800 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Pig	>5000 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Rabbit	14200 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Oral		Rat	5600 mg/kg	-	
LD50 Subcutaneous		Mouse	9800 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Dermal		Monkey	393 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Intravenous		Cat	4641 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Dog	7500 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Human	428 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Human	143 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Man - Male	14 mL/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Man - Male	6422 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Monkey	5000 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Mouse	420 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Rabbit	7500 mg/kg	-	
LDLo Oral		Woman - Female	10 mL/kg	-	
LDLo Parenteral		Frog	59 g/kg	-	
LDLo Route of exposure unreported		Man - Male	868 mg/kg	-	
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3490 mg/kg	-		
TDLo Intraperitoneal	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-		
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	0.43 mL/kg	-		
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1.14 mL/kg	-		
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	1.4 mL/kg	-		
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3429 mg/kg	-		
TDLo Oral	Man - Male	3571 uL/kg	-		

## HIGH GLOSS

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Man - Male	9450 uL/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Rat	8 g/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Rat	8 mL/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Oral	Woman - Female	4 g/kg	-
	TDL <sub>o</sub> Subcutaneous	Rat	6825 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Acute toxicity estimates**

Not available.

**Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Sensitisation**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Mutagenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Carcinogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Teratogenicity**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects

**Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard**

## HIGH GLOSS

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute EC50 90 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8.5 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20870 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 19000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 16940 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 16.2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella marina	72 hours
	Acute EC50 12.8 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Phaeodactylum tricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 16.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Platymonas subcordiformis	72 hours
	Acute EC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 13.1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Nannochloropsis oculata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 740 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 1.55 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,2-dichlorobenzene	Acute LC50 10300 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.52 ppm Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Young of the year	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.4 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gibelion catla	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1610 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.63 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 630 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 24500000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute EC50 22200 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia obtusa - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 12835 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
methanol			

## HIGH GLOSS

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Acute EC50 12700000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 15.32 g/L Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus - Adult	96 hours
Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 71 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Heterosigma akashiwo	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 1400 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 410 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Prorocentrum minimum	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 24 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Eutreptiella sp.	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	high
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy xylene	-	10 to 2500	high
1,2-dichlorobenzene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
methanol	3.38	150 to 230	low
	-0.77	<10	low

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT** : Not applicable.  
P: Not available. B: Not available. T: Not available.

**vPvB** : Not applicable.  
vP: Not available. vB: Not available.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

**13.1 Waste treatment methods****Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

**Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

**Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.**

	ADR	IMDG
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es) Class	3	3
Subsidiary class	-	-
14.4 Packing group	III	III



<b>HIGH GLOSS</b>		
<b>Information pertaining to IATA and ADN is considered not relevant since the material is not packaged in the correct approved packaging required of these methods of transport.</b>		
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b> <b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.	No.
<b>Marine pollutant substances</b>		Not available.
<b>14.6 Special precautions for user</b>	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.	
<b>HI/Kemler number</b>	30	
<b>Emergency schedules (EmS)</b>		F-E, S-E
<b>14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code</b> : Not applicable.		
<b>Additional information</b>	<b>Viscous substance exemption</b> In pack sizes less than 450 litres, under the terms of 2.2.3.1.5, this product is not subject to the provisions of ADR. <b>Tunnel code</b> (D/E)	<b>Viscous substance exemption</b> In pack sizes up to and including 30 litres, under the terms of 2.3.2.5, this product is not subject to the packaging, labelling and marking requirements of the IMDG Code, but both full documentation and placarding of cargo transport units is still required.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed, or the component present is below its threshold.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture** : Not applicable.

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 15: Regulatory information****Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

**International regulations****Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

**CEPE code** : 1

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
 PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
 RRN = REACH Registration Number  
 vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method

**Full text of abbreviated H statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**HIGH GLOSS****SECTION 16: Other information****Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]**

Acute Tox. 3, H301	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H311	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 3, H331	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4, H302	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312	ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2, H361d	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 1, H370	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3, H335	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

**Date of printing** : 4-12-2020

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 4-12-2020

**Date of previous issue** : 2-12-2020

**Version** : 1.01

**Notice to reader**

**IMPORTANT NOTE** The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

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**Head Office**

**AkzoNobel Decorative Coatings BV, Christian Neefestraat 2, 1077 WW Amsterdam, The Netherlands**