URKI-SOL 88
Solvents

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier: URKI-SOL 88
Solvents

Other means of identification:

UFI: MQX3-50M8-N007-33YX

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Relevant uses (Professional users): Thinner for the application of paints and varnishes
Relevant uses (Industrial user): Thinner for the application of paints and varnishes
For Professional users/Industrial user only.
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

BERNARDO ECENARRO, S.A.
Ugarte Industrialdea, 147
20720 Azkoitia - Gipuzkoa - Spain
Phone: +34 943 74 28 00 - Fax: +34 943 74 06 03
msds@besa.es
http://www.besa.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 91 562 04 20 (National Emergency Telephone Number of Spanish Poison Centre)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION **

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity, Category 4, H302+H312+H332
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 3, H412
Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquids, Category 2, H225
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
STOT SE 1: Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Hazard Category 1, H370
STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335
STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

2.2 Label elements:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Danger



Hazard statements:

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs.
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION ** (continued)

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.
P303+P361+P353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.
P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment

Substances that contribute to the classification

acetone; methanol; Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics; Xylene

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria
Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of organic substances

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2 Index: 606-001-00-8 REACH: 01-2119471330-49-XXXX	**acetone**[1]	ATP CLP00	**25 - <50%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6 Index: 603-001-00-X REACH: 01-2119433307-44-XXXX	**methanol**[1]	ATP CLP00	**25 - <50%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 1: H370 - Danger	
CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5 Index: Not relevant REACH: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	**Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics**[1]	Self-classified	**10 - <25%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 REACH: 01-2119488216-32-XXXX	**Xylene**[1]	Self-classified	**10 - <25%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	
CAS: 79-20-9 EC: 201-185-2 Index: 607-021-00-X REACH: 01-2119459211-47-XXXX	**methyl acetate**[1]	ATP CLP00	**5 - <10%**
	Regulation 1272/2008	Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	

[1] Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

Identification	Specific concentration limit
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	% (w/w) >=10: STOT SE 1 - H370 3<= % (w/w) <10: STOT SE 2 - H371

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L	
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) in accordance with Directive 89/654/EEC.

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.
Spillages in water or sea:
Small spillages:
Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.
Large spillages:
If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,…) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Minimum Temp.:	5 ºC
Maximum Temp.:	30 ºC
Maximum time:	24 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC,Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
methanol [1]	IOELV (8h)	200 ppm	260 mg/m³
CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	IOELV (STEL)		
acetone	IOELV (8h)	500 ppm	1210 mg/m³
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	IOELV (STEL)		
Xylene [1]	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m³
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m³

[1] Skin

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
acetone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 67-64-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	186 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-662-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	2420 mg/m³	1210 mg/m³	Not relevant
methanol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 67-56-1	Dermal	20 mg/kg	Not relevant	20 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-659-6	Inhalation	130 mg/m³	130 mg/m³	130 mg/m³	130 mg/m³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	25 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	150 mg/m³	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m³	442 mg/m³	221 mg/m³	221 mg/m³
methyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 79-20-9	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	43 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 201-185-2	Inhalation	3777 mg/m³	Not relevant	300 mg/m³	620 mg/m³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
acetone	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	62 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 67-64-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	62 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-662-2	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	200 mg/m³	Not relevant
methanol	Oral	4 mg/kg	Not relevant	4 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 67-56-1	Dermal	4 mg/kg	Not relevant	4 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-659-6	Inhalation	26 mg/m³	26 mg/m³	26 mg/m³	26 mg/m³
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 128601-23-0	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	11 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 918-668-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	32 mg/m³	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m³	260 mg/m³	65,3 mg/m³	65,3 mg/m³

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
methyl acetate	Oral	203 mg/kg	Not relevant	21,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 79-20-9	Dermal	203 mg/kg	Not relevant	21,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 201-185-2	Inhalation	3777 mg/m³	Not relevant	64 mg/m³	133 mg/m³

PNEC:

Identification				
acetone	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	10,6 mg/L
CAS: 67-64-1	Soil	29,5 mg/kg	Marine water	1,06 mg/L
EC: 200-662-2	Intermittent	21 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	30,4 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	3,04 mg/kg
methanol	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	20,8 mg/L
CAS: 67-56-1	Soil	100 mg/kg	Marine water	2,08 mg/L
EC: 200-659-6	Intermittent	1540 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	77 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	7,7 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure (Directive 98/24/EC) it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have CE marking in accordance with Directive 2016/425/EC. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1.
All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	CE CAT III	EN 149:2001+A1:2009 EN 405:2001+A1:2009 EN 136:1998	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves (Material: HPPE, Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	CE CAT III	EN ISO 374-1:2016+A1:2018 EN 16523-1:2015+A1:2018 EN ISO 21420:2020	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	CE CAT II	EN ISO 16321-1:2022 + EN ISO 16321-3:2022 EN ISO 18526-(1,2,3,4):2020 EN ISO 18526-(1,2,3,4):2020 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	CE CAT III	EN 1149-1,2,3 EN 13034:2005+A1:2009 EN ISO 13982-1:2004/A1:2010 ISO 6529:2013 EN ISO 6530:2005 EN ISO 13688:2013/A1:2021 EN 464:1994	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer´s instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	CE CAT III	EN ISO 13287:2019 EN ISO 20345:2022 EN 13832-1:2018	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

Volatile organic compounds:

With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. (Supply):	100 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 ºC:	821 kg/m³ (821 g/L)
Average carbon number:	3,93
Average molecular weight:	67,22 g/mol

With regard to Directive 2004/42/EC, this product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:

V.O.C. density at 20 ºC:	821 kg/m³ (821 g/L)
EU limit for the product (Cat. B.A):	850 g/L (2010)
Components:	Not relevant

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 ºC:	Liquid
Appearance:	Fluid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Solvent
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	70 ºC
Vapour pressure at 20 ºC:	16086 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 ºC:	59352,07 Pa (59,35 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *

Product description:

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Density at 20 ºC:	816 - 826 kg/m³
Relative density at 20 ºC:	0,816 - 0,826
Dynamic viscosity at 20 ºC:	0,5 mPa·s
Kinematic viscosity at 20 ºC:	0,61 mm²/s
Kinematic viscosity at 40 ºC:	<=20,5 mm²/s
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Immiscible
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	2 ºC
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	450 ºC
Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
Other safety characteristics:	
Surface tension at 20 ºC:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO_2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
  IARC: Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics (3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans); Xylene (3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Its ingestion, inhalation or absorption through the skin results in the risk of serious irreversible effects caused by a single exposure, excluding effects which are carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic for reproduction.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Other information:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
methanol CAS: 67-56-1 EC: 200-659-6	LD50 oral	100 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	300 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	3 mg/L	
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics CAS: 128601-23-0 EC: 918-668-5	LD50 oral	>3492 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>2000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	>20 mg/L	
acetone CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation vapour	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 oral	3523 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation vapour	11 mg/L	
methyl acetate CAS: 79-20-9 EC: 201-185-2	LD50 oral	6482 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	18684 mg/kg	Guinean pig
	LC50 inhalation vapour	75 mg/L (4 h)	Rabbit

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

	ATE mix	Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	380,98 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
Dermal	1004,66 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %
LC50 inhalation vapour	10,05 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

11.2 Information on other hazards:

Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

Other information

Not relevant

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
acetone	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 67-64-1	EC50	8800 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
EC: 200-662-2	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae
methanol	LC50	15400 mg/L (96 h)	Lepomis macrochirus	Fish
CAS: 67-56-1	EC50	Not relevant		
EC: 200-659-6	EC50	Not relevant		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	LC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 128601-23-0	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
EC: 918-668-5	EC50	>1 - 10 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
Xylene	LC50	Not relevant		
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	10,389 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	Not relevant		
methyl acetate	LC50	320 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 79-20-9	EC50	1026,7 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 201-185-2	EC50	120 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Chronic toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
acetone	NOEC	Not relevant		
CAS: 67-64-1 EC: 200-662-2	NOEC	2212 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
acetone	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 67-64-1	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 200-662-2	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	96 %
methanol	BOD5	1236 g O2/g	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 67-56-1	COD	Not relevant	Period	Not relevant
EC: 200-659-6	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	Not relevant
Xylene	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	16 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	94 %
methyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 79-20-9	COD	Not relevant	Period	14 days
EC: 201-185-2	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	92 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
acetone	BCF	1
CAS: 67-64-1	Pow Log	-0.24
EC: 200-662-2	Potential	Low
methanol	BCF	
CAS: 67-56-1	Pow Log	-0.77
EC: 200-659-6	Potential	
Xylene	BCF	26
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	3.16
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
methyl acetate	BCF	0.8
CAS: 79-20-9	Pow Log	0.18
EC: 201-185-2	Potential	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
acetone	Koc	1	Henry	2,93 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 67-64-1	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-662-2	Surface tension	2,304E-2 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes
methanol	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	4,61E-1 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 67-56-1	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-659-6	Surface tension	2,355E-2 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Yes
Xylene	Koc	537	Henry	623 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
methyl acetate	Koc	Not relevant	Henry	Not relevant
CAS: 79-20-9	Conclusion	Not relevant	Dry soil	Not relevant
EC: 201-185-2	Surface tension	2,454E-2 N/m (25 ºC)	Moist soil	Not relevant

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
16 03 05*	organic wastes containing hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2025 and RID 2025:



14.1	**UN number or ID number:**	UN1263
14.2	**UN proper shipping name:**	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es):**	3
	Labels:	3
14.4	**Packing group:**	II
14.5	**Environmental hazards:**	No
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	
	Special regulations:	163, 367, 640D, 650
	Tunnel restriction code:	D/E
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	Limited quantities:	5 L
14.7	**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:**	Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 42-24:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1	**UN number or ID number:**	UN1263
14.2	**UN proper shipping name:**	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es):**	3
	Labels:	3
14.4	**Packing group:**	II
14.5	**Marine pollutant:**	No
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	
	Special regulations:	163, 367
	EmS Codes:	F-E, S-E
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	Limited quantities:	5 L
	Segregation group:	Not relevant
14.7	**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:**	Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2026:



14.1	**UN number or ID number:**	UN1263
14.2	**UN proper shipping name:**	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3	**Transport hazard class(es):**	3
	Labels:	3
14.4	**Packing group:**	II
14.5	**Environmental hazards:**	No
14.6	**Special precautions for user**	
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
14.7	**Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:**	Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
H3	STOT SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE	50,000	200,000
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000,000	50000,000

Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors: Contains acetone. Product under the provisions of Article 9. However, products that contain explosives precursors only to such a small extent and in such complex mixtures that the extraction of the explosives precursors is technically extremely difficult should be excluded from the scope of this Regulation.
Shall not be used in:
—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
—tricks and jokes,
—games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION **

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16):

· Hazard statements

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H370: Causes damage to organs.
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H302+H312+H332: Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 3: H301+H311+H331 - Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.
Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
STOT SE 1: H370 - Causes damage to organs.
STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

STOT SE 1: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
STOT SE 3: Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3: Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method
Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method
Flam. Liq. 2: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu
http://eur-lex.europa.eu

Abbreviations and acronyms:

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION ** (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

*** Changes with regards to the previous version*

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.

- END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET -