(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

1-Standard Thinners Plus



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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Standard Thinners Plus

Product Code: 1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Paint Thinner and Cleaning

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: Soltec (Ireland) Limited
Address: Zone A, Mullingar Business Park

City: Mullingar
Province: Co Westmeath
Telephone: 044.03.35.133

Telephone: 044 93 35 133
E-mail: info@soltec.ie
Web: www.soltec.ie

1.4 Emergency telephone number: 01 809 2166 (National Poisons Information Centre) (Only available during office hours;

Monday-Sunday; 08:00-22:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Asp. Tox. 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Irrit. 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 2: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Repr. 2 : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

STOT RE 2: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin Irrit. 2: Causes skin irritation.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:









Signal Word:

Danger

H statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

P statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.

Contains: toluene

propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol

Acetone ethyl acetate heptane, n-heptane methyl acetate isopropyl acetate

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification No 127	- Regulation (EC) 2/2008
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 607-022- 00-5 CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4 Registration No: 01- 2119475103-46-XXXX	[1] ethyl acetate	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-021- 00-3 CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 Registration No: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX	[1] toluene	10 - 20 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Repr. 2, H361d *** - STOT RE 2 *, H373 ** - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 603-117- 00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-021- 00-X CAS No: 79-20-9 EC No: 201-185-2 Registration No: 01- 2119459211-47-XXXX	[1] methyl acetate	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-

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Index No: 606-001- 00-8 CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Registration No: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX	[1] Acetone	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene	10 - 25 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 607-024- 00-6 CAS No: 108-21-4 EC No: 203-561-1 Registration No: 01- 2119537214-46-XXXX	[1] isopropyl acetate	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 601-008- 00-2 CAS No: 142-82-5 EC No: 205-563-8 Registration No: 01- 2119457603-38-XXXX	[1] heptane, n-heptane	2.5 - 10 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 603-001- 00-X CAS No: 67-56-1 EC No: 200-659-6 Registration No: 01- 2119433307-44-XXXX	[1] methanol	0.1 - 3 %	Acute Tox. 3 *, H311 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H331 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H301 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 1, H370 **	STOT SE 1, H370: C ≥ 10 % STOT SE 2, H371: 3 % ≤ C < 10 %

^(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

^{*, **, ***} See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

^[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

Long-term chronic exposure may result in injury to certain organs or tissues.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Keep the person comfortable. Turn him/her over to the left side and stay there while waiting for medical care.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product is Highly inflammable, it can cause or considerably worsen a fire, the necessary prevention measures should be taken and risks avoided. In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country Limit value		ppm	mg/m³
		European	Eight hours	200	734
		Union [1]	Short term	400	1468
		United	Eight hours	200	
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	400	
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	200	734
ethyl acetate	141-78-6	Life [3]	Short term	400	1468
etriyi acetate	141-76-0	United States	Eight hours	400	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	400	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	400	1400
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	192 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	384 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	191
	Kingdom [2] Short term	100	384		
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	192
toluene	108-88-3	riie [3]	Short term	100	1468 1400 192 (skin) 384 (skin) 191 384 192 384
		United States	Eight hours	10	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 500	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	200	·

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	1	I san /		l 200 /	
		[6] (OSHA)		300 Acceptable	
				maximum peak	
				above the	
			Short term	acceptable	
				ceiling concentration for	
				an 8-hr shift:	
				500 [10 min]	
		United	Eight hours	400	999
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	500	1250
			Eight hours	200	1230
		Éire [3]	Short term	400	
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol,		United States	Eight hours	400	
isopropanol	67-63-0	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	500	
		United States	Eight hours	400	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	500	
		United States	Eight hours	400	980
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term	1.2.2	
		United	Eight hours	200	616
	70.00	Kingdom [2]	Short term	250	770
methyl acetate	79-20-9		Eight hours	200	610
		Éire [3]	Short term	250	760
		European	Eight hours	500	1210
		Union [1]	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	500	1210
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	1500	3620
			Eight hours	500	1210
		Éire [3]	Short term		
Acetone	67-64-1		Eight hours	500	
		United States		750 (Ceiling)	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	3000	
		United States	Eight hours	250	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	1000	2400
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	441
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	221
xylene	1330-20-7		Short term	100	442
, Aylana	1555 20 /	United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	200	849
isopropyl acetate	108-21-4	United States	Eight hours	250	
1 - 17 /		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	310	
		United States	Eight hours	250	950
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	500	2085
		Union [1]	Short term	500	3005
heptane, n-heptane	142-82-5	United	Eight hours	500	2085
· -, -, -,		Kingdom [2]	Short term	500	2005
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	500	2085
			Short term	200 () ; ;	242 (
methanol	67-56-1	European Union [1]	Short term Eight hours Short term	200 (skin)	260 (skin)

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United	Eight hours	200	266
Kingdom [2]	Short term	250	333
Éiro [2]	Eight hours	200	260
Éire [3]	Short term		
United States	Eight hours	200	
[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	250 (Ceiling) 1000	
United States	Eight hours	200	
[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	250	
United States	Eight hours	200	260
[6] (OSHA)	Short term		

^[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	734
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	734
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	367
ethyl acetate	population)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 141-78-6	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	1468
EC No: 205-500-4	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
LC No. 203-300-4	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	734
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	63 (mg/kg
	(Workers)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	37 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	192
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	56,5
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	192
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	56,5
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	384
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	226
toluene	population)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 108-88-3	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	384
EC No: 203-625-9	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	226
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	384
	(Workers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	226
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	8,13
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)

^[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

^[3] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

^[4] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

^[5] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health, Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.

^[6] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

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Making Waste Work

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	DNE	7.1.1.1	F00
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	500 (mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m³) 89
	population)	Immudon, Long term, systemic errees	(mg/m³)
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	888
CAS No: 67-63-0	(Workers)		(mg/kg
EC No: 200-661-7	DNEL (Canaval	Downsol Long town Customic officets	bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	319 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
	population)	, , ,	bw/day)
methyl acetate	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	305
CAS No: 79-20-9	(Workers)	Tabalatian Laura tauna Contantia efforta	(mg/m³)
EC No: 201-185-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	610 (mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	1210
	(Workers)	Immudon, Long term, systemic errees	(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	200
	population)		(mg/m³)
Anatoma	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	2420
Acetone CAS No: 67-64-1	(Workers) DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m³) 186
EC No: 200-662-2	(Workers)	Definal, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/kg
20 1101 200 002 2	(Workers)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	62 (mg/kg
yudana	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day) 77
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7	(Workers)	Initialation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m³)
EC No: 215-535-7	(Workers)		(1119/111)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	420
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	252
	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m³) 420
	(Workers)	Initialation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	252
isopropyl acetate	population)		(mg/m³)
CAS No: 108-21-4	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	850
EC No: 203-561-1	(Workers)	Inhalation Acute Customic officets	(mg/m³) 510
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	43 (mg/kg
	(Workers)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
heptane, n-heptane	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day) 2085
CAS No: 142-82-5	(Workers)	Imaduon, Long Com, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
EC No: 205-563-8	,		. 5, .)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	260
	(Workers)	7 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	50 (mg/m ³)
	population) DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m³) 260
methanol	(Workers)	initiation, Long term, systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
CAS No: 67-56-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	50
EC No: 200-659-6	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	40 (mg/kg
	(Workers)	Downer Long town Containing	bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	population)	1	Dvv/uay)

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DNEL	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	40 (mg/kg
(Workers)		bw/day)
DNEL (General	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	8 (mg/kg
population)		bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,24 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,024 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,65 (mg/L)
ethyl acetate	sediment (freshwater)	1,15 (mg/L)
CAS No: 141-78-6	sediment (marine water)	0,115 (mg/L)
EC No: 205-500-4	Soil	0,148 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	STP	650 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	0,2 (g/kg food)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,68 (mg/L)
	agua (marine water)	0,68 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,68 (mg/L)
toluene	STP	13,61 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-88-3	sediment (freshwater)	16,39 (mg/kg
EC No: 203-625-9	,	sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	16,39 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol		sediment dw)
CAS No: 67-63-0	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-661-7		sediment dw)
	Soil	28 (mg/kg
	OTP.	soil dw)
	STP	2251 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg food)
	aqua (freshwater)	10,6 (mg/L)
	aqua (meshwater)	1,06 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	21 (mg/L)
	STP	100 (mg/L)
Acetone	sediment (freshwater)	30,04 (mg/kg
CAS No: 67-64-1	Sourment (mostmuter)	sediment dw)
EC No: 200-662-2	sediment (marine water)	3,04 (mg/kg
	,	sediment dw)
	soil	29,5 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,22 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,022 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	1,1 (mg/L)
isopropyl acetate	STP	190 (mg/L)
CAS No: 108-21-4	sediment (freshwater)	1,25 (mg/kg
EC No: 203-561-1		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,125 (mg/kg
	:1	sediment dw)
	soil	0,35 (mg/kg soil dw)
methanol	aqua (freshwater)	20,8 (mg/L)
CAS No: 67-56-1	aqua (marine water)	2,08 (mg/L)
EC No: 200-659-6	aqua (intermittent releases)	1540 (mg/L)
	Tagas (intermitted to release)	1 10 10 (1119/11)

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STP	100 (mg/L)
sediment (freshwater)	77 (mg/kg
	sediment dw)
sediment (marine water)	7,7 (mg/kg
	sediment dw)
soil	3,18 (mg/kg
	soil dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

<u>Measures of a technical nature:</u>

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %
Uses:	Paint Thinner and Cleaning
Breathing protect	
PPE: Characteristics:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles. «CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight.
CEN standards:	EN 136, EN 140, EN 405
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.
Filter Type needed:	A2
Hand protection:	
PPE: Characteristics:	Protective gloves against chemicals. «CE» marking, category III.
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35
Eye protection:	
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.
Skin protection:	
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.
Observations:	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly

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Observations:

The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different

widths.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: Clear/ Colourless

Odour:Typical

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:7-9

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: N.A./N.A. Flash point: -5 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: N.A./N.A. Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:N.A./N.A. Solubility:N.A./N.A.

Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information. Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:

- COx (carbon oxides).
- Organic compounds.
- Aromatics compounds.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Type Test Kind Value	N		Acute toxicity					
Dral LD50 Rat S050 mg/kg bw [1]	Nan	ne	Туре	Type Test Kind Value				
1] Giglena i Sanitariya. For English translation, see HYS Vol. 43(1), Pg. 8, 1978 LD50 Rabbit 12800 mg/kg bw [1]				LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1]		
Dermal [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 100, 1974 LC50 Rat >10000 ppm (6 h) [1]			Oral			English translation, see HYSAAV.		
[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 100, 1974	ropan-2-ol, isopropyl alco	ohol, isopropanol		LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1]		
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Inhalation [1] OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), study report, 1991 LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health. Vo Pg. 609, 1985 Dermal Inhalation CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Inhalation CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Inhalation LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg bw [1] [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 14, 15, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16, 16			Dermal					
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 [1] OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), studing report, 1991 LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg bw [1]				LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1]		
Oral [1] Journal of Toxicology and Environmental Health. Vo Pg. 609, 1985	AS No: 67-63-0 E	EC No: 200-661-7	Inhalation		•			
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Inhalation LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg bw [1]				LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg bw [1]		
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 Inhalation	cetone		Oral			nd Environmental Health. Vol. 15,		
CAS No: 67-64-1 EC No: 200-662-2 LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg bw [1]			Dermal					
Oral [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 2 LD50 Rabbit > 1700 mg/kg bw [1]	AS No: 67-64-1 E	EC No: 200-662-2	Inhalation					
Dermal [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974 LC50 Rat 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Inhalation [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organi			Oral					
Dermal [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974 LC50 Rat 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Inhalation [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organi				[1] AMA Ar	chives of Industr	ial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956		
[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974 LC50 Rat 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1] CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Inhalation [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent	ylene			LD50	Kabbit	> 1700 mg/kg bw [1]		
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Inhalation [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent			Dermal					
CAS No: 1330-20-/ EC No: 215-535-/ [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvent				LC50	Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]		
1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974	AS No: 1330-20-7 E	EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation					
LD50 Rat 6750 mg/kg bw [1]								
Oral Control of the C			Oral					
[1] Union Carbide Data Sheet. Vol. 3/24/1970								
isopropyl acetate LD50 Rabbit > 17400 mg/kg bw [1]	opropyl acetate			LD50	Rappit	> 1/400 mg/kg bw [1]		
Dermal [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Hygiene and Occupationa Medicine. Vol. 10, Pg. 61, 1954			Dermal		/ol. 10, Pg. 61, 1	954		
LC50 Rat (female) 50600 mg/m³ air (8 h) [1				LC50	Rat (female)	50600 mg/m³ air (8 h) [1]		
CAS No: 108-21-4 EC No: 203-561-1 Inhalation Inhalation [1] Experimental result, 1959. The Toxicological Basis of Threshold Limit Values: 5. The Experimental Inhalation of Vapor Mixtures by Rats, with Notes upon the relationship between single dose inhalation and single dose oral data Pozzani, U.C., Weil, C.S. and Carpenter, C.P. 1959.	AS No: 108-21-4 E	EC No: 203-561-1	Inhalation	Threshold I Vapor Mixt between si	Limit Values: 5. 7 ures by Rats, wit ngle dose inhalat	The Experimental Inhalation of th Notes upon the relationship tion and single dose oral data.		
methanol Oral LD50 Rat 5630 mg/kg bw [1]	nethanol		Oral					

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			[1] Gigiena Truda i Professional'nye Zabolevaniya. Labor Hygiene and Occupational Diseases. Vol. 19(11), Pg. 27, 1975
		Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 15800 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 74, 1974
CAS No: 67-56-1	EC No: 200-659-6	Inhalation	LC50 Rat 83.9 mg/l (4 h) [1] [1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 74, 1974

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures

ATE (Dermal) = 8.049 mg/kg

ATE (Oral) = 10.000 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Product classified:

Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Product classified:

Reproductive toxicant, Category 2: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

j) aspiration hazard;

Product classified:

Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
ethyl acetate	Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	230 mg/l (96 h) [1]

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ı	I	1				
		[1] US EPA method E03-05, 1984				
	Aquatic	EC50 Hydra Oligactis (Hydrozoa) 1350 mg/l (48 h) [1]				
	invertebrates	(Tryarozou)				
		[1] Aquat. Toxicol. 4, 73 - 82, Slooff, W. 1983				
		EC50 Algae 2500 mg/l (96 h) [1]				
CAS No: 141-78-6 EC No: 205-500-4	Aquatic plants	[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA:25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)				
		LC50 Fish 31,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]				
	Fish	[1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:332				
toluene		LC50 Crustacean 92 mg/l (48 h) [1]				
	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p				
		EC50 Algae 12,5 mg/l (72 h) [1]				
CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9	Aquatic plants	[1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L.Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169				
		LC50 Fish 9640 mg/l (96 h) [1]				
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	Fish	[1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:414				
propart 2 c., 150p. op; 1 a. a. a., 150p. oparto.		LC50 Crustacean 1400 mg/l (48 h) [1]				
	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118				
		Toxicity Scenedesmus threshold quadricauda 1800 mg/L (7 d) [1]				
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Aquatic plants	[1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241				
		LC50 Fish 8300 mg/l (96 h) [1]				
Acetone	Fish	[1] Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8				
,	Aquatic	LC50 Crustacean 8450 mg/l (48 h) [1]				

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I		Linuartahuntan	1
		invertebrates	[1] Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of
			Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals
			Utilizing the Three-Brood Test.
			Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217. Canton, J.H., and D.M.M. Adema 1978. Reproducibility of Short-Term and
			Reproduction Toxicity Experiments with Daphnia magna and
			Comparison of the Sensitivity of Daphnia magna with
			Daphnia pulex and Daphnia cucullata in Short-Term Experiments. Hydrobiologia 59(2):135-140 (Used Reference
			2018)
			EC50 Algae 7200 mg/l (96 h) [1]
		A	[1] Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	Aquatic plants	Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of
			Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA
			:25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386) LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]
			[1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985.
		Fish	Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic,
			and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen
			(Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA:193-212
			LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1]
xylene			[1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The
		Acustic	Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine
		Aquatic invertebrates	Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem,
			H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp
			Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M
			University, College Station, TX :133 p
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants	
			LC50 Leuciscus idus 360 mg/l (48 h) [1]
	Fish		
		. 1311	[1] Experimental result, 1978. Bestimmung der Wirkung von Wasserinhaltsstoffen auf Fische, DIN38412 Teil 15. draft
isopropyl acetate			proposal.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Aquatic	EC50 Daphnia magna 1260 mg/l (24 h) [1]
		invertebrates	[1] Experimental result, 1977. DIN 38412 pt 11
			Doguđakirchnorali
		A	EC50 FSEUDOKI CITIETE 370 mg/l (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-21-4	EC No: 203-561-1	Aquatic plants	[1] Review article or handbook, 1999. OECD Guideline 201
5.5.100 21 1			(Alga, Growth Inhibition Test).
			LC50 Trachinotus 10112 mg/L (24 h) [1]
		Fish	Caronitas
			[1] Baltz, D. M. et al., Transactions of the American Fisheries Society 134: 730-740, 2005
methanol			EC50 Daphnia magna 20803 mg/L (24 h) [1]
		Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry 14(12): 2085-
		c. tebrates	2088, 1995
			EC50 Selenastrum 22000 mg/L (96 h) [1]
		Aquatic plants	
CAS No: 67-56-1	EC No: 200-659-6		[1] Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety 71: 166-1711,
		<u> </u>	2008

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12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name		Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
ethyl acetate		0.72		0.65/1	\/am, biab
CAS No: 141-78-6	EC No: 205-500-4	0,73	-	9,65 mg/L	Very high
toluene		2.72			Von deine
CAS No: 108-88-3	EC No: 203-625-9	2,73	-	-	Very high
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol		0.05			Himb
CAS No: 67-63-0	EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	-	High
methyl acetate		0.10	_		Van de bigh
CAS No: 79-20-9	EC No: 201-185-2	0,18	-	-	Very high
Acetone		0.24	3		Vonclous
CAS No: 67-64-1	EC No: 200-662-2	-0,24	3	-	Very low
isopropyl acetate		1.02	_	-	Von thigh
CAS No: 108-21-4	EC No: 203-561-1	1,02	-	-	Very high
heptane, n-heptane		1.66			Von thigh
CAS No: 142-82-5	EC No: 205-563-8	4,66	-	-	Very high
methanol		0.74			Vonclow
CAS No: 67-56-1	EC No: 200-659-6	-0,74	-	-	Very low

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.

The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA

for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

<u>Sea</u>: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading <u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG II, (D/E)

IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (HEPTANE N-HEPTANE), 3, PG II, MARINE POLLUTANT

ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, 3, PG II

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: II

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 33 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 1 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E, $\underline{S-E}$ Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

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The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
48. Toluene	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a
CAS No 108-88-3	concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance
EC No 203-625-9	or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the
	general public.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 3: Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2: Flammable liquid, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquid, Category 3
Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2
STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2
STOT SE 1 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data
Health hazards Calculation method
Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
 PPE: Personal protection equipment.
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.

NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.