# Safety Data Sheet FM SLIP ADDITIVE



Safety Data Sheet dated 28/7/2020, edition 3, version 6

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification: Trade name: FM SLIP ADDITIVE

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Recommended use:

Mixtures/Substance for the industrial and/or professional finishing for leather and shoes. Uses advised against:

Stick to the recommended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:

FENICE S.p.A. - V. del Lavoro,1 - 36078 Valdagno (VI) Italy FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888 Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: ufficio.sicurezza@fenice.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888 (8:00-12:00; 14:00-17:30)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage. Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

- No other hazards
- 2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

**Special Provisions:** 

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of isothiazolinones. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains

Alcohols, secondary C11-15, ethoxylated

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None

- 2.3. Other hazards
  - vPvB Substances: None PBT Substances: None Other Hazards: No other hazards.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

- 3.1. Substances
- Not available
- 3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification (The higher extreme values, if indicated, are to be considered excluded):

Qty	Name	Ident. Number		Classification
>= 3% - < 5%	Alcohols, secondary C11-15, ethoxylated	CAS: EC:	68131-40-8 614-295-4	<ul> <li>3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> </ul>
>= 1% - < 2.5%	Undecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	CAS: EC:	34398-01-1 500-084-3	<ul> <li>♦ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> </ul>
>= 0.01% - < 0.05%	bronopol (INN)	Index number: CAS: EC:	603-085-00-8 52-51-7 200-143-0	<ul> <li>3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335</li> <li>3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10.</li> <li>3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302</li> <li>3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312</li> </ul>
11 ppm	reaction mass of isothiazolinones	Index number: CAS:	613-167-00-5 55965-84-9	<ul> <li>♦ 3.1/2/Inhal Acute Tox. 2 H330</li> <li>♦ 3.1/2/Dermal Acute Tox. 2 H310</li> <li>♦ 3.1/2/Dermal Acute Tox. 3 H301</li> <li>♦ 3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301</li> <li>♦ 3.2/1C Skin Corr. 1C H314</li> <li>♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>♦ 3.4.2/1A Skin Sens. 1A H317</li> <li>♦ 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400</li> <li>M=100.</li> <li>♦ 4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410</li> <li>M=100.</li> <li>EUH071</li> <li>Specific Concentration Limits:</li> <li>C &gt;= 0,6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314</li> <li>0,06% &lt;= C &lt; 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315</li> <li>C &gt;= 0,6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318</li> <li>0,06% &lt;= C &lt; 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319</li> <li>C &gt;= 0,0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317</li> </ul>

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

#### OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye. In case of Ingestion: Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY. In case of Inhalation: Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For the most important symptoms and effects, caused by exposure, see the label (section 2) and/or section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: CO2, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water. Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons: Do not use jets of water as it can cause the spread of fire. Water can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not inhale combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. EQUIPMENT

Fire fighting clothing i. e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure air breathing apparatus (BN EN 137).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Wear personal protection equipment. Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities. Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leak or spill if this is not a risk. Use inert absorbent material to surround the contaminated area. Collect the product wearing, if necessary, appropriate protective equipment for a possible recovering or for disposal. Dispose in line with current laws and norms. Do not pour into drains.

6.4. Reference to other sections See also section 8 and 13

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Avoid contemporary handling of any incompatible materials (see section 10). Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink while working. Do not smoke.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Wash hands after use

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place at a temperture between +5/40°C. Keep away from food, drink and feed. Incompatible materials: None in particular. Instructions as regards storage premises: Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular, except those listed in paragraph 1.2.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. Control parameters

No occupational exposure limit available

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

reaction mass of isothiazolinones - CAS: 55965-84-9

Worker Industry:  $0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$  - Consumer:  $0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$  - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 0.04 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Consumer: 0.04 mg/m<sup>3</sup> - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term (acute)

Consumer: 0.09 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 0.11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term (acute)

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

reaction mass of isothiazolinones - CAS: 55965-84-9

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 3.39 µg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 3.39 µg/l Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 0.23 µg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.027 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.027 mg/kg Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.01 mg/kg

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the adoption of adequate preventive measures must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that:

- in case of inhalation exposure limit values, the workplace is well ventilated through an effective local aspiration system or other technical equipment, in order to maintain airborne levels below the exposure limits values

- if inhalation exposure limit values are not applicable, a good general ventilation is generally sufficient for most operations

- an emergency shower with face and eye wash station is available

- personal protective equipment is CE marked, in compliance with applicable standards

Individual protection measures

Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. Do not get in eyes and on skin.

Adopt a correct personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas.

Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Eye protection:

Use eye protecting goggles suitable to chemical risks.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin.

Protection for hands:

Protect hands with gloves suitable for protection against chemical agents (see standard EN 374).

In case of short-term exposure (splash protection):

Nitrile, neoprene or butyl rubber gloves

Breakthrough time: 30 min

Minimum thickness: 0.4 mm

In case of long-term exposure:

Butyl rubber, Viton or nitrile gloves

Breakthrough time: 480 min

Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm

The information provided here is indicative. The following parameters should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, failure time and permeability.

In case of chemical mixtures, the work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and frequency of use. Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation or mists/vapours/aerosol exposure (eg. spray application) use local aspiration system or a respiratory protective equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Appearance and colour:	fluid,whitish	UNI EN ISO 15528:2003 (3.11+6.7)/UNI EN ISO 1513:1996	
Odour:	light		
Odour threshold:	Not available		
pH:	7 +/- 1 (1:10)	UNI EN 1245:2011	
Melting point / freezing point:	0 °C	Expert judgement	
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 °C	Expert judgement	
Flash point:	>100 °C	Expert judgement	
Evaporation rate:	Not Relevant*		
Solid/gas flammability:	Not Relevant*		
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	Not Relevant*		
Vapour pressure:	Not Relevant*		
Vapour density:	Not Relevant*		
Relative density:	1.00 +/- 0.05 g/cm3	UNI EN ISO 2811-1	
Solubility in water:	miscible	(1:10) water	
Solubility in oil:	not miscible in organic solvents	Expert judgement	
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not Relevant*		
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not Relevant*		
Decomposition temperature:	Not Relevant*		
Viscosity:	Not available		
Explosive properties:	Not Relevant*		
Oxidizing properties:	Not Relevant*		

\*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:

Miscibility:	Not available	 
Fat Solubility:	Not available	 
Conductivity:	Not available	 
Substance Groups relevant properties	Not available	 

\*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

VOC total content: --%

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None in particular in the normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable under normal storage/use conditions.

 $10.5.\ In compatible\ materials$ 

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

This product can generate formaldehyde at temperature above 150°C in the presence of air.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evalueted according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

Serious eye damage/irritation

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Further information

The product may cause allergic reactions in sensitive persons.

Toxicological information of the product:

a) acute toxicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met b) skin corrosion/irritation Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met c) serious eye damage/irritation The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318 d) respiratory or skin sensitisation Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e) germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met f) carcinogenicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met g) reproductive toxicity Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

h) STOT-single exposure Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met i) STOT-repeated exposure Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met j) aspiration hazard Not classified Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product: bronopol (INN) - CAS: 52-51-7 a) acute toxicity: Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 305 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Mist - Species: Rat = 800 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h Further information No one in particular.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12.2. Persistence and degradability

None

Not available

- 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential Not available
- 12.4. Mobility in soil Not available
- 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None
- 12.6. Other adverse effects None

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number

This material is NOT RESTRICTED for transportation (ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA, ICAO).

- 14.2. UN proper shipping name Not available
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Not available
- 14.4. Packing group Not available
- 14.5. Environmental hazards Not available
- 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### s0056 14

#### Not available

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code No

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications: Restrictions related to the product: **Restriction 3 Restriction 40** Restrictions related to the substances contained: No restriction. Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions : Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents). Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive) Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Based on information we have, a Chemical Safety Assessment, if expected, has been carried out for the substances in the mixture by the manufacturer or the importer.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Hazard class and hazard	Code	Description
category		
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 2
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Corr. 1C	3.2/1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	3.4.2/1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients SECTION 7: Handling and storage SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection SECTION 11: Toxicological information SECTION 12: Ecological information SECTION 15: Regulatory information SECTION 16: Other information

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Further information

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

The information given is based on our present knowledge, at the time of sending the data sheet and only serves for describing the product for security reasons, without guaranteeing specific properties.

Due to the various uses of our product and for factors not dependent on us, no responsibility is accepted for the use of this information.

Please keep your records up to date and make this sheet available to all relevant personnel. This safety sheet cancels and substitutes any other previous issue.

Main bibliographic sources: NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983) I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique ECHA database on registered substances (http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx) ECHA Classification and Labelling Inventory (http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c\_l\_inventory\_en.asp) GESTIS hazardous substances database of German Berufsgenossenschaften (http://www.dguv.de/ifa/Gefahrstoffdatenbanken/GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp)

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical
CAS.	Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of
	Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport
	Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation
	Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous
	Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.