(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

### **KBS-Kandy Basecoat Solvente**



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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: Kandy Basecoat Solvente Product Code: KBS

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting

#### Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company:	<b>CUSTOM CREATIVE SL</b>
Address:	C/ SEVILLA 43
City:	JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA
Province:	CADIZ
Telephone:	(+34) 956045939
E-mail:	info@customcreative.es
Web:	customcreative.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 956045939 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

#### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Eye Dam. 1 : Causes serious eye damage. Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Skin Irrit. 2 : Causes skin irritation.

#### 2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008: Pictograms:



Signal Word:

**Danger** H statements:

H226 H315 H318

Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

P statements: P101

H336

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.

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P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
P501	Dispose of contents/container to

### Contains:

butan-1-ol propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol n-butyl acetate

#### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

#### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

#### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

				(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit	
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	20 - 50 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-	
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-	
Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	3 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-	
Index No: 606-024- 00-3 CAS No: 110-43-0 EC No: 203-767-1 Registration No: 01- 2119902391-49-XXXX	[1] heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	
Index No: 603-117- 00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	1 - 10 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-	

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Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
Index No: 603-002- 00-5 CAS No: 64-17-5 EC No: 200-578-6 Registration No: 01- 2119457610-43-XXXX	[1] ethanol, ethyl alcohol	0 - 2.5 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	-
Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	-
Index No: 607-035- 00-6 CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1 Registration No: 01- 2119452498-28-XXXX	[1] methyl methacrylate, methyl 2-methylprop-2- enoate, methyl 2-methylpropenoate	0 - 1 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 601-021- 00-3 CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 Registration No: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX	[1] toluene	0 - 3 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Repr. 2, H361d *** - STOT RE 2 *, H373 ** - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 616-001- 00-X CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5 Registration No: 01- 2119475605-32-XXXX	[1] N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	0 - 0.3 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Repr. 1B, H360D ***	-
Index No: 603-108- 00-1 CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0 Registration No: 01- 2119484609-23-XXXX	[1] 2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	0 - 1 %	Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
(I) = I				

(\*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

\*,\*\*,\*\*\* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.**

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

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#### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### Eye contact.

Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Corrosive Product, contact with eyes or skin can cause burns; ingestion or inhalation can cause internal damage, if this occurs immediate medical assistance is required.

Contact with eyes may cause irreversible damage.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Request immediate medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract. Cover the affected area with a dry sterile bandage. Protect the affected area from pressure or friction.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.**

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

#### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

#### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.**

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#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8. For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks.For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills. The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

#### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
		United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	200	966
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	150	710
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4		Short term	200	950
		United States	Eight hours	150	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	

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		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	710
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	150	, 10
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	441
			Eight hours	50	221
		Éire [2]	Short term	100	442
xylene	1330-20-7	United States	Eight hours	100	112
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	100	155
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	50	154
			Eight hours	20	134
		Éire [2]	Short term	20	
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	(Celling) 50	
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	(Celling) 50	
				100	300
		United States [5] (OSHA)	Eight hours Short term	100	300
				EQ (akin)	220 (akin)
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	238 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	100 (skin)	475 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	237
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	475
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	50	238
heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	110-43-0		Short term	100	475
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	465
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	400	999
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	500	1250
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	200	
			Short term	400	
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol,	67-63-0	United States	Eight hours	400	
isopropanol		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	500	
		United States	Eight hours	400	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	500	000
		United States	Eight hours	400	980
	-	[5] (OSHA)	Short term	100 ( ) !	442 ( ) : )
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	125	552
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Éire [2]	Eight hours	100	442
-			Short term	200	884
		United States	Eight hours	5	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	

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<b></b>				100	125
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	1000	1020
		United	Eight hours	1000	1920
		Kingdom [1]	Short term		
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	1000	
			Short term	1000	
ethanol, ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	United States	Eight hours	1000	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	1000	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	1000	1900
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	20 (skin)	133 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	50 (skin)	333 (skin)
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol	112-07-2	United	Eight hours	20	133
acetate	112 07 2	Kingdom [1]	Short term	50	332
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	20	133
			Short term	50	333
		European	Eight hours	50	
		Union [6]	Short term	100	
		United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	416
an attack as a the same data and a the di C		Éiro [2]	Eight hours	50	
methyl methacrylate, methyl 2-	90 CD C	Éire [2]	Short term	100	
methylprop-2-enoate, methyl 2- methylpropenoate	80-62-6	United States	Eight hours	50	
methypropenoate		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	192 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	100 (skin)	384 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	191
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	100	384
			Eight hours	50	192
		Éire [2]	Short term	100	384
		United States	Eight hours	100	501
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 500	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
toluene	108-88-3	[4] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
			Eight hours	200	
				300 Acceptable maximum peak	
				above the	
		United States		acceptable	
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term	ceiling	
				concentration for	
				an 8-hr shift:	
				500 [10 min]	
		European	Eight hours	5 (skin)	15 (skin)
		Union [6]	Short term	10 (skin)	30 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	5	15
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl	C0 12 2	Kingdom [1]	Short term	10	30
formamide	68-12-2		Eight hours	5	15
		Éire [2]	Short term	10	30
		United States	Eight hours	10	
		[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
	1	[-] (-2., 22			

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		United States	Eight hours	10	
			Short term		
			Eight hours	10	30
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	50	154
		Kingdom [1]	Short term	75	231
		Éire [2]	Eight hours	50	150
			Short term	75	225
2 methydryenen 1 el ice hytenel	70 02 1	United States	Eight hours	50	
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	78-83-1	[3] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[4] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[5] (OSHA)	Short term		

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive. [2] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

[3] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[4] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health,

Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.

[5] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs),

California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

[6] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Туре	Value
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
CAS No: 123-86-4	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 204-658-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)	Devende Lange terrer Cristeria effecte	bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
leadan a	population) DNEL	Inhalation Long town Contourin offerta	bw/day) 77
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7		Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	
EC No: 215-535-7	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
	(Workers)	Initialation, Long-term, Local effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
butan-1-ol	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
CAS No: 71-36-3	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125
	population)		(mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)

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heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	394,25
CAS No: 110-43-0	(Workers)	Innalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	394,25 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 203-767-1	(WOIKEIS)		(mg/ms)
EC NO. 205-707-1	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	500
	(Workers)	Initialation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(iiig/iii <sup>2</sup> ) 89
	population)	Initialation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	888
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	(Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic enects	(mg/kg
CAS No: 67-63-0	(WOIKEIS)		bw/day)
EC No: 200-661-7	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	319
	population)	Dermal, Long term, Systemic cricets	(mg/kg
	population		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77
CAS No: 100-41-4	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 202-849-4	(		(
ethanol, ethyl alcohol	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	950
CAS No: 64-17-5	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC No: 200-578-6			/
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	133
CAS No: 112-07-2	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
EC No: 203-933-3	-		
methyl methacrylate, methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate,	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	208
methyl 2-methylpropenoate	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 80-62-6	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	208
EC No: 201-297-1	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	192
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	56,5
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	192
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	56,5
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	384
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	226
toluene	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	384 (m g (m 3)
EC NO. 203-023-9	(Workers) DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) 226
	population)	Initialation, Acute, Local effects	
		Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic enects	384 (mg/kg
	(WOIKEIS)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	226
	population)	bernal, Long-tern, Systemic enects	(mg/kg
	population		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	8,13
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	15
	(Workers)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	15
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	population)	, , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	15
		, , , , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
EC NO. 200 075 5	(WORKERS)		(1119) 111 /
	(Workers) DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	15

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	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	30
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	30
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	30
	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	30
	population)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,31
	(Workers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,98
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	26,3
	(Workers)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	15,8
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	446
	(Workers)		(µg/cm²)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	267
	population)		(µg/cm²)
	DNEL	Dermal, Acute, Local effects	5900
	(Workers)		(µg/cm <sup>2</sup> )
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Acute, Local effects	3550
	population)		$(\mu g/cm^2)$
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,98
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Acute, Systemic effects	5,94
	population)	. , ,	(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	(Workers)		(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
CAS No: 78-83-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55
EC No: 201-148-0	population)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m <sup>3</sup> )

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated. DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum. Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 (mg/l)
CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,082 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,0082
butan-1-ol		(mg/L)
CAS No: 71-36-3	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,25 (mg/L)
EC No: 200-751-6	STP	2476 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	0,178 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)

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	sediment (marine water)	0,0178
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,015 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)
	sediment (freshwater)	552 (mg/kg
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	sediment dw)
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0	sediment (marine water)	552 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-661-7		sediment dw)
EC NO. 200-001-7	Soil	28 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	STP	2251 (mg/L)
	oral (Hazard for predators)	160 (mg/kg
		food)
	Fresh water	0,96 (mg/L)
	Marine water	0,79 (mg/L)
ethanol, ethyl alcohol	aqua (intermittent releases)	2,75 (mg/L)
CAS No: 64-17-5	Soil	0,63 (mg/kg
EC No: 200-578-6		soil dw)
	sediment (freshwater)	3,6 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,68 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,68 (mg/L)
taluana	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,68 (mg/L)
toluene CAS No: 108-88-3	STP	13,61 (mg/L)
EC No: 203-625-9	sediment (freshwater)	16,39 (mg/kg
EC NO. 203-023-9		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	16,39 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	30 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	3 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	30 (mg/L)
	STP	123 (mg/L)
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	sediment (freshwater)	115,18
CAS No: 68-12-2		(mg/kg
EC No: 200-679-5		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	11,52 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	56,97 (mg/kg
		soil dw)
	aqua (freshwater)	0,4 (mg/L)
	aqua (marine water)	0,04 (mg/L)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	11 (mg/L)
	STP	10 (mg/L)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	sediment (freshwater)	1,52 (mg/kg
CAS No: 78-83-1		sediment dw)
EC No: 201-148-0	sediment (marine water)	0,152 (mg/kg
		sediment dw)
	soil	0,0699
		(mg/kg soil
		dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls.

#### Measures of a technical nature:

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Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %			
Uses:	Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting			
Breathing protect	tion:			
If the recommended	d technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.			
Hand protection:				
PPE:	Work gloves.			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.			
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420			
	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible.			
Maintenance:	Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.			
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.			
	Broalthrough time Material thickness			
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)   Bleaktilough time > 480   Material unckness 0,35 (mm):			
Eye protection:				
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against			
Characteristics:	dust, smoke, fog and vapour.			
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168			
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should			
	be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.			
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses,			
Skin protection:	scraping etc.			
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.			
rr <b>L</b> .	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in			
Characteristics:	order not to obstruct the user's movements.			
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5			
	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by			
Maintenance:	the manufacturer.			
	The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in			
Observations:	terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level			
	of activity and the expected time of use.			
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear.			
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.			
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346			
Maintenance:	The footwear should be checked regularly			
	The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending			
Observations:	on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different widths.			

#### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance:Liquid with characteristic odour and colour Colour: N.A./N.A. Odour:disolvente Odour threshold:N.A./N.A. pH:N.A./N.A. Melting point:N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 71 °C Flash point: 30 °C Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A. Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

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Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: 19,181 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,95 Solubility: N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A. Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A. Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A. Viscosity: N.A./N.A. Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### 9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A. Blink: N.A./N.A. Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A. N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

#### 10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Unstable in contact with:

- Acids.
- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

In certain conditions this may cause a polymerization reaction.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- Heating.
- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.

- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Acids.
- Bases.
- Oxidizing agents.
- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

Depending on conditions of use, can be generated the following products:

- COx (carbon oxides).
- Organic compounds.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

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### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Its repeated or prolonged contact with the skin or mucous membranes can cause irritant symptoms such as reddening of the skin, blisters, or dermatitis. Some of the symptoms may not be immediate. They can cause allergic reactions on the skin.

#### **11.1** Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

#### Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

	lame		Acute toxicity			
r	Туре	Type Test Kind Value				
			LD50	Rat	10800 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral			Journal of the American College of Pg. 196, 1992	
n-butyl acetate			LD50	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg bw [1]	
	n-Dutyl acetate			aterial Data Hai 1, Pg. 7, 1974	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,	
			LC50	Rat	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1]	
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation	[1] Inhalat	ion Toxicoloav.	Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997	
			LD50	Rat	4300 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral				
		-			strial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956	
xylene		Dermal			> 1700 mg/kg bw [1] ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,	
			LC50	<u>1, Pg. 123, 197</u> Rat	21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]	
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Inhalation	[1] Raw Ma		ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,	
			LD50	Rat	4360 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Oral		Carbide Corp. E 14-73. Export,	Bushy Run Research Center,   Project	
butan-1-ol			LD50	Rabbit	3402 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal		Carbide Corp. B 14-73. Export,	ushy Run Research Center,   Project PA. 1951.	
			LC50	Rat	7500 ppm (8 h) [1]	
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	Inhalation		Carbide Corp. B 14-73. Export,	ushy Run Research Center,   Project PA. 1951.	
			LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1]	
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol		Oral		i Sanitariya. F Pg. 8, 1978	or English translation, see HYSAAV.	
			LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1]	
		Dermal		aterial Data Har 1, Pg. 100, 197	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents,	
		Inhalation	LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1]	
			_			

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CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7		[1] OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity), study report, 1991
	Oral	LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg bw [1] [1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956
ethylbenzene	Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	Inhalation	
	Oral	LD50 Mouse 3700 mg/kg bw [1] [1] BUA-Stoffdossier, N,N-Dimethylformamid, Stand 04/91
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	Dermal	LD50 rabbit 1500 mg/kg bw [1] [1] IPCS, dimethylformamide, final draft, 04/1990. cited in: BUA-Stoffdossier, N,N-Dimethylformamid, Stand 04/91
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5	Inhalation	LC50 rat 5.9 mg/L air (4 h) [1] [1] BASF AG, department of toxicology, unpublished data,   (78/652), 19.07.1979
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Oral	LD50 Rat 2830 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Christopher, S.M. November 30, 1993. "Isobutanol: Acute toxicity and irritancy testing using the rat (peroral and inhalation toxicity) and the rabbit (cutaneous and ocular tests)". Bushy Run Research Center, Union Carbide Corp. Lab. Proj. ID 92U1166
	Dermal	LD50 Rabbit 4240 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Smyth H.F. Jr. et al.: AMA Arch. Ind. Hyg. Occup. Med., 10, 61-68, (1954) as cited in IUCLID.
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0	Inhalation	

a) acute toxicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE): Mixtures: ATE (Dermal) = 16.836 mg/kg ATE (Oral) = 4.608 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation; Product classified: Skin irritant, Category 2: Causes skin irritation.

c) serious eye damage/irritation; Product classified: Serious eye damage, Category 1: Causes serious eye damage.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity; Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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h) STOT-single exposure;Product classified:Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard; Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

#### 12.1 Toxicity.

Name			Ecotoxicity			
r	Name		Test	Kind	Value	
n-butyl acetate		Fish	Brachydani Toxicity of Abwasser-F G.W., A.L. Acute Toxic	o rerio and Leuciscus Chemicals and Waste Forsch. 51(2):49-52 ( Jennings, D. Drozdov city of 47 Industrial (	81 mg/l (96 h) [1] son of the Sensitivity of s idus by Testing the Fish ewaters. Z.Wasser- GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, vski, and E. Rider 1977. The Chemicals to Fresh and er. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG	
		Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Daphnia sp.	44 mg/l (48 h) [1]	
		Aquatic plants	[1] publica	Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported as Scenedesmus subspicatus)	674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1]	
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1		Umweltbur		n inhibition test, according to deral Environment Agency) v 1984)	
		Fish	LC50 [1] Bailey, Time/Toxic and Plug-Fl (Eds.), Aqu	Fish H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and ity Relationships in S low Bioassays. In: R latic Toxicology and I	15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]	
xylene		Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 [1] Tatem, Toxicity of Crustacean H.E. 1975. Petroleum Palaemone	Crustacean H.E., B.A. Cox, and . Oils and Petroleum H s. Estuar.Coast.Mar. The Toxicity and Ph Hydrocarbons on Est	8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1] J.W. Anderson 1978. The lydrocarbons to Estuarine Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, ysiological Effects of Oil and uarine Grass Shrimp Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M	
CAS No: 1330-20-7	EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants				

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butan-1-ol     Fish     [1] Wong, D, CL, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxicity of Four Cox-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC] Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       butan-1-ol     Aquatic invertebrates     ECS0     Daphnia magna     1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]       Aquatic invertebrates     [1] Wong, D, CL, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Cox-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC] Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6     [1] Wong, D, CL, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxicity of Four Cox-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC] Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     [1] Wong, D, CL, P. B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic [Toxicity of Four Cox-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC] Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Gieger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Actue Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior, WI :414       Aquatic invertebrates     ILCS0     Crustacean     1400 mg/l (48 h) [1]       [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar Polut.Bull. 5:116-118     Toxicity Scenedesmus threshold quadricauda     1800 mg/l (70 d) [1]       ethylbenzene     Fish     80 mg/l (96 h) [1]     [1] Mayer, F.LJr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemica					
butan-1-ol     III Wong, D.C.L., P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.       Aquatic Invertebrates     Aquatic Information Record WTC-3520.       ECS0     Daphnia magna     1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]       Aquatic Invertebrates     III Wong, D.C.L. P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.       Aquatic Invertebrates     Selenastrum       Selenastrum     Selenastrum       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6       III Wong, D.C.L. P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.       Aquatic Information Record WTC-3520.       LC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       LCG Control Control MTC-3520.       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6       Fish     19 Wong, D.C.L. P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.       Aquatic Instrumt     Fish       Fish     19 Wong, D.C.L. P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998.       Aquatic Instrumt     Fish       Fish     198. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior. Environmental Stud., Univ. of Wicsonsin-Superior, Superior, W1:414       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7       Aquatic Instrumt Product Particle Partesemant Partoxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Polut. Bull. 5:116-			LC50 Pimephales 1376 mg/L (96 h) [1] promelas		
butan-1-ol     Aquatic invertebrates     Aquatic invertebrates     II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       Selenastrum     Capricornutum     Capricornutum       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6     II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior WI 1414       Aquatic invertebrates     II Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, O.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7     Aquatic plants       ethylbenzene     Aquatic plants       ethylbenzene     II Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutarts to Bacteria, Algae, and Mater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC. :305 p. LUSS Data File)       ethylbenzene     II Mactean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and		Fish	Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,		
Aquatic invertebrates     I1 Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6       II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic plants       ECS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6       II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       II Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1994. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior. WI :414       Aquatic invertebrates     Fish       Aquatic invertebrates     II Biackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar. Pollut.Bull. Still.5116       Aquatic plants     Toxicity Scenedesmus threshold quadricauda     1800 mg/L (7 d) [1]       Aquatic plants     II Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241     III Comparison of the Toxicity Intersholds of Mater Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       ethylbenzene     III Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpret					
CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6     EC90     Selenastrum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)     717 mg/L (96 h) [1] (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)       CAS No: 71-36-3     EC No: 200-751-6     II Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic   Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC]Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     9640 mg/l (96 h) [1]       Fish     II Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicity of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior, WI: 144       Aquatic invertebrates     II Backman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull, 5:116-118       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7     EC No: 200-661-7       ethylbenzene     Aquatic plants     II Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       ethylbenzene     Fish     800 mg/l (96 h) [1]       II] MacLean, M.M., and M.R. Ellersieck MS6. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.SC Data File)       LCS0     Crust and 65 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.SC Data File)       LCS0     Crust and A filened Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Sotia :64 p <td>butan-1-ol</td> <td></td> <td>Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,</td>	butan-1-ol		Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,		
CAS NO: 71-30-3     EC NO: 200-731-3     Aquatic[Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC[Technical Information Record WTC-3520.       propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     9640 mg/l (96 h) [1]       Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott       1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :414       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7       Aquatic invertebrates     [1] Comparison of the Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar. Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7       Fish     Fish       Fish     10 Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       LC50     Fish     80 mg/l (96 h) [1]       [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish WildLServ., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)       ethylbenzene     LC50     Crustacean     16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]       [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish WildLServ., Washington, DC :505		Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum EC90 (Pseudokirchnerell 717 mg/L (96 h) [1]		
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol     Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott       Fish     [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott     1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead       Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake     Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, Superior, Wilstonsin-Superior, Wilstonsin-Superior, Superior, Wilstonsin-Superior, Wilston, No., and K.G. Doel Superior, Wilston, Nova Scotta :64 p       ethylbenzene     III Comparison of the Toxicity of Custacean	CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.		
Fish1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :414Aquatic invertebratesLC50Crustacean1400 mg/l (48 h) [1]Aquatic invertebratesLC50Crustacean1800 mg/L (7 d) [1]CAS No: 67-63-0EC No: 200-661-7Aquatic plantsToxicity ToxicityScenedesmus duaricaudaAquatic plantsFish10 Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241ethylbenzeneFishS0 mg/l (96 h) [1]Aquatic invertebratesIn Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish WildI.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)Aquatic invertebratesLC50Crustacean16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1][1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crustacean16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1][1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crustacean[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of CrustaceanEC50Algae5 mg/l (72 h) [1]			LC50 Fish 9640 mg/l (96 h) [1]		
Aquatic     LC50     Crustacean     1400 mg/l (48 h) [1]       Aquatic     invertebrates     [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7     Aquatic plants     [1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       ethylbenzene     Fish     [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)       Aquatic invertebrates     LC50     Crustacean     16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]       [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p	propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	Fish	1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior,		
invertebrates     [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118       CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7       Aquatic plants     [1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       Ethylbenzene     Fish       Fish     [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)       LC50     Crustacean     16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]       [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p     EC50       EC50     Algae     5 mg/l (72 h) [1]					
CAS No: 67-63-0EC No: 200-661-7Aquatic plantsToxicity threshold quadricauda1800 mg/L (7 d) [1]CAS No: 67-63-0EC No: 200-661-7I1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241ethylbenzeneFishI1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)ethylbenzeneI1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p					
CAS No: 67-63-0     EC No: 200-661-7     Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp. 231 to 241       LC50     Fish     80 mg/l (96 h) [1]       [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)       LC50     Crustacean     16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]       Aquatic invertebrates     [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p			Toxicity Scenedesmus		
ethylbenzeneFish[1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)ethylbenzeneLC50Crustacean16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]Aquatic invertebrates[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 pEC50Algae5 mg/l (72 h) [1]	CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Aquatic plants	Pollutants to Bacteria, Algae, and Protozoa in the Cell Multiplication Inhibition Test, Water Research Vol. 14. pp.		
FishAcute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC :505 p. (USGS Data File)ethylbenzeneLC50Crustacean16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]Aquatic invertebrates[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 pEC50Algae5 mg/l (72 h) [1]					
Aquatic     [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative       invertebrates     Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and       Artemia.     Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova       Scotia :64 p     EC50     Algae     5 mg/l (72 h) [1]	atta dhaanaa	Fish	Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv.,		
invertebrates Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1]			LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]		
EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1]			[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova		
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic plants Aquatic Plants Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348	CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical.		
toluene Fish LC50 Fish 31,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]	toluene	Fish			

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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		[1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :332
		p LC50 Crustacean 92 mg/l (48 h) [1]
	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
		EC50 Algae 12,5 mg/l (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9	Aquatic plants	[1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L.Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169
	Fish	LC50 Lepomis 7100 mg/L (96 h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Poirier, S.H. et al.: Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. 37, [615-621 (1986)
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Aquatic arthropod 14530 mg/L (48 h) [1]
		[1] Call,D.J. et al., PB83-263665, (1983) Scenedesmus
	Aquatic plants	EC50 subspicatus (Desmodesmus subspicatus) 1000 mg/L (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5		[1] BASF AG, department of ecology, unpublished data 1019/88, 05.12.1988
		EC50 Pimephales promelas 1430 mg/L (96 h h) [1]
	Fish	[1] Brooke, L.T. et al., 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas). Vol. I. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Studies. University of Wisconsin-Superior.
2 methylpropap 1 ol iso hutanol		EC50 Daphnia magna 1300 mg/L (48 h) [1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Elnabarawy MT, Welter AN, Robideau RR. 1986. relative sensitivity of three daphnid species to selected organic and inorganic chemicals. Environ Toxicol Chem 5: 393-398.
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum Capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present.No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## **KBS-Kandy Basecoat Solvente**

-CERTIFICATION -

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#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name			Bioaccumulation				
	Name	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level		
n-butyl acetate		1 70			Versileur		
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,78	-	-	Very low		
butan-1-ol		0.04			Versileur		
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	0,84	-	-	Very low		
heptan-2-one, methyl am	nyl ketone	1,98		-	Very low		
CAS No: 110-43-0	EC No: 203-767-1	1,90	-	-	very low		
propan-2-ol, isopropyl ald	cohol, isopropanol	0,05	_		Very low		
CAS No: 67-63-0	EC No: 200-661-7	0,05	-	_	very low		
ethylbenzene		3,15			Moderate		
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	5,15	-	-	Moderate		
ethanol, ethyl alcohol		-0,3			Very low		
CAS No: 64-17-5	EC No: 200-578-6	-0,5	-	-	very low		
toluene		2,73	-	-	Low		
CAS No: 108-88-3	EC No: 203-625-9	2,75	-	-	LOW		
N, N-dimethylformamide,	dimethyl formamide	1.01			Vonclow		
CAS No: 68-12-2	EC No: 200-679-5	-1,01	-	-	Very low		
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-	butanol	0.70			Versileus		
CAS No: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0	0,76	-	-	Very low		

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways. Prevent penetration into the ground.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

#### SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

## **KBS-Kandy Basecoat Solvente**

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Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID. Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions Sea: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading <u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

#### 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1263

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: ADR: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

#### 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

#### **14.5 Environmental hazards.** Marine pollutant: No

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,<u>S-E</u> Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

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Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): i - One-pack performance coatings, solvent-borne Phase I\* (from 01/01/2007): 600 g/l Phase II\* (from 01/01/2010): 500 g/l (\*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 52,539 % VOC content: 499,014 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
48. Toluene CAS No 108-88-3 EC No 203-625-9	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the general public.

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.**

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs <or affected,="" all="" if="" know<="" organs="" state="" td=""></or>
exposure	<state conclusively="" expo<="" exposure="" if="" is="" it="" no="" of="" other="" proven="" route="" routes="" td="" that=""></state>

H373 May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de audición)

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4 Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1

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Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 1B : Reproductive toxicant, Category 1B Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2 STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3 Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 Stor Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Elimination of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Elimination of toxicity values (SECTION 11.1).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Elimination of ecological information values (SECTION 12.1).
- Elimination of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

## Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards	On basis of test data
Health hazards	Calculation method
Environmental hazards	Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
- AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.
- BCF: Bioconcentration factor.
- CEN: European Committee for Standardization.
- DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.
- EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.
- PPE: Personal protection equipment.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
- LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.
- LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.
- Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.
- NOEC: No observed effect concentration.
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.
- RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
- WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

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#### http://echa.europa.eu/ Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.