(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 1 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: KCS Hot Rod Red

Product Code: KCS-HR

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting

Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: CUSTOM CREATIVE SL

Address: C/ SEVILLA 43

City: JEREZ DE LA FRONTERA

Province: CADIZ

Telephone: (+34) 956045939 E-mail: info@customcreative.es Web: customcreative.es

1.4 Emergency telephone number: (+34) 956045939 (Only available during office hours; Monday-Friday; 08:00-18:00)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Chronic 3: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Eye Irrit. 2 : Causes serious eye irritation. Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid and vapour. STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2 Label elements.

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:





Signal Word:

Warning

H statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red





Version 1Date of compilation: 11/03/2018Page 2 of 25Version 6 (replaces version 5)Revision date: 14/12/2020Print date: 02/03/2021

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use... to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

EUH statements:

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Contains:

propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol 4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone n-butyl acetate

2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

			(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 606-024- 00-3 CAS No: 110-43-0 EC No: 203-767-1 Registration No: 01- 2119902391-49-XXXX	[1] heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	25 - 50 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-
Index No: 607-025- 00-1 CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1 Registration No: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	[1] n-butyl acetate	20 - 25 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 603-117- 00-0 CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7 Registration No: 01- 2119457558-25-XXXX	[1] propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	10 - 20 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-195- 00-7 CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-9 Registration No: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX	[1] 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.5 - 10 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 6

Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Pevision date: 14/12/2020



Version 6 (replaces	version 5) Revision date: 14/12/	2020	Print dat	e: 02/03/2021
Index No: 606-004- 00-4 CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-1 Registration No: 01- 2119473980-30-XXXX	[1] 4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone	1 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335	-
CAS No: 85029-58-9 EC No: 285-083-3	Amines, C10-14-branched and linear alkyl, bis[2-[(4,5-dihydro-3-methyl-5-oxo-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)azo]benzoato(2-)]chromate(1-)	0.25 - 2.5 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	-
Index No: 603-004- 00-6 CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6 Registration No: 01- 2119484630-38-XXXX	[1] butan-1-ol	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Eye Dam. 1, H318 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 601-022- 00-9 CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7 Registration No: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX	[1] xylene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-
Index No: 616-001- 00-X CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5 Registration No: 01- 2119475605-32-XXXX	[1] [4] N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	0.1 - 0.3 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Repr. 1B, H360D ***	-
Index No: 601-023- 00-4 CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 Registration No: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX	[1] ethylbenzene	0 - 10 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT RE 2, H373(órganos de audición)	-
Index No: 607-038- 00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01- 2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate	0 - 2.5 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332	-
Index No: 607-035- 00-6 CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1 Registration No: 01- 2119452498-28-XXXX	[1] methyl methacrylate, methyl 2-methylprop-2- enoate, methyl 2-methylpropenoate	0 - 1 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - STOT SE 3, H335 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
Index No: 601-021- 00-3 CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9 Registration No: 01- 2119471310-51-XXXX	[1] toluene	0 - 3 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Repr. 2, H361d *** - STOT RE 2 *, H373 ** - STOT SE 3, H336 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



TI ATAIN	
Print da	Page 4 of 25 te: 02/03/2021
Eye Dam. 1,	

^(*) The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

Eve contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance. Dont let the person to rub the affected eye.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Irritant Product, repeated or prolonged contact with skin or mucous membranes can cause redness, blisters or dermatitis, inhalation of spray mist or particles in suspension may cause irritation of the respiratory tract, some symptoms may not be immediate.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. Do not induce vomiting. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

5.1 Extinguishing media.

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO2. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

^{*, **, ***} See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

^[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

^[4] Substance included in the list established under Article 59, paragraph 1, REACH (Candidate or subject to authorization).

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 5 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

During a fire and depending on its magnitude the following may occur:

- Flammable vapors or gases.

5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment. Follow the instructions given in the emergency or fire evacuation plan or plans if available.

Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots. During extinction and depending on the magnitude and proximity to the fire, additional protective equipment such as chemical protection gloves, heat-reflecting suits or gas-tight suits may be required.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. No smoking. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the around.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Contain and collect spillage with inert absorbent material (earth, sand, vermiculite, Kieselguhr...) and clean the area immediately with a suitable decontaminant.

Deposit waste in closed and suitable containers for disposal, in compliance with local and national regulations

6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use antistatic footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers. Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 25° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 6 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorised persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills. The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Not available.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

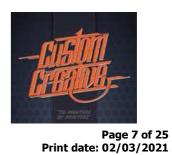
Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m³
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	238 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	475 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	237
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	475
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	238
heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	110-43-0	riie [3]	Short term	100	475
heptan-2-one, metryr amyr ketone	110-43-0	United States	Eight hours	50	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	465
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	150	724
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	200	966
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	150	710
		riie [5]	Short term	200	950
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	United States	Eight hours	150	
II-butyi acetate	123-00-4	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	200	
		United States	Eight hours	150	710
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours	400	999
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	500	1250
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	200	
			Short term	400	
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol,	67-63-0	United States	Eight hours	400	
isopropanol	07-03-0	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	500	
		United States	Eight hours	400	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	500	
		United States	Eight hours	400	980
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	275 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	550 (skin)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	United	Eight hours	50	274
2-metroxy-1-metriyletriyi acetate	100-03-0	Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	548
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	275
		Eire [3]	Short term	100	550
		European	Eight hours	20	83
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl	108-10-1	Union [1]	Short term	50	208
ketone	108-10-1	United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	416

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



	1	1	Finha harres	1 20 [02
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	20	83
			Short term	50	208
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	75	
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	75	
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		United	Eight hours		
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	154
			Eight hours	20	131
		Éire [3]	Short term	20	
		11.7. 16.1.		(C-:li) F0	
butan-1-ol	71-36-3	United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	(Ceiling) 50	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	221 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	220
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	441
			Eight hours	50	221
		Éire [3]	Short term	100	442
xylene	1330-20-7	Linited Chates		100	442
		United States	Eight hours		
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	150 (Ceiling) 300	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	150	
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	5 (skin)	15 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	10 (skin)	30 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	5	15
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	10	30
			Eight hours	5	15
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl		Éire [3]	Short term	10	30
formamide	68-12-2	United States	Eight hours	10	30
Torridinide				10	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	10	
		United States	Eight hours	10	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	10	30
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
		European	Eight hours	100 (skin)	442 (skin)
		Union [1]	Short term	200 (skin)	884 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	100	441
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	125	552
		,	Eight hours	100	442
	100 11 1	Éire [3]	Short term	200	884
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	United States	Eight hours	5	
		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	30	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term	125	425
		United States	Eight hours	100	435
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol		European	Eight hours	20 (skin)	133 (skin)
acetate	112-07-2	Union [1]	Short term	50 (skin)	333 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	20	133
	•	•		- "	

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 1



Page 8 of 25

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020			Print dat	e: 02/03/20	
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	50	332
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	20	133
		rue [5]	Short term	50	333
		European	Eight hours	50	
		Union [1]	Short term	100	
		United	Eight hours	50	208
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	416
nethyl methacrylate, methyl 2-		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	
methylprop-2-enoate, methyl 2-	80-62-6		Short term	100	
nethylpropenoate	33 32 3	United States	Eight hours	50	
,		[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term	100	
		United States	Eight hours	100	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	410
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term	/ /	
		European	Eight hours	50 (skin)	192 (skin)
	108-88-3	Union [1]	Short term	100 (skin)	384 (skin)
		United	Eight hours	50	191
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	100	384
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	192
			Short term	100	384
		United States [4] (Cal/OSHA) United States [5] (NIOSH)	Eight hours	10	
			Short term	150 (Ceiling) 500	
oluene			Eight hours	100	
olderie	100-00-3		Short term	150	
			Eight hours	200	
		United States [6] (OSHA)	Short term	300 Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift: 500 [10 min]	
		United	Eight hours	50	154
		Kingdom [2]	Short term	75	231
		Éire [3]	Eight hours	50	150
			Short term	75	225
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	78-83-1	United States	Eight hours	50	
. meany propert 1 or, 150 batarior	70 00 1	[4] (Cal/OSHA)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	50	
		[5] (NIOSH)	Short term		
		United States	Eight hours	100	300
		[6] (OSHA)	Short term		

^[1] According both Binding Occupational Esposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value

^[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adobted by Health and Safety Executive.

^[3] According Code of Practice for the Safety, Health and Welfare at Work (Chemicals Agents) Regulations adopted by Health and Safety Authority (HSA).

^[4] California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

^[5] National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health. NIOSH Recommendations for occupational safety and health, Compendium of Policy Documents and Statements, January, 1992, DHHS (NIOSH) Publication No. 92-100.

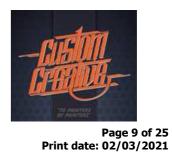
^[6] Occupational Safety and Health Administration, United States Department of Labor. Permissible Exposure limits (PELs), California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs).

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	394,25
CAS No: 110-43-0	(Workers)	Imidiation, Long-term, Systemic effects	(mg/m ³)
EC No: 203-767-1	(Workers)		(1119/111)
2010. 203 707 1	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	480
	(Workers)	Imaged in Long term, Systemic eneces	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	102,34
	population)	Imalation, Long term, Systemic circus	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	960
	(Workers)	Imidiadon, reace, systemic eneces	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	859,7
	population)	Imidiadon, reace, systemic eneces	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	480
n-butyl acetate	(Workers)	Imalation, Long term, Local effects	(mg/m³)
CAS No: 123-86-4	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	102,34
EC No: 204-658-1	population)	I maid a configuration of the	(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	960
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	859,7
	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)	, , ,	bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,4 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	500
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	89
	population)		(mg/m³)
propan 2 of icopropyl alcohol icopropanol	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	888
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol CAS No: 67-63-0	(Workers)		(mg/kg
EC No: 200-661-7			bw/day)
EC NO. 200 001 /	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	319
	population)		(mg/kg
			bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	26 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	275
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33
	population)		(mg/m³)
2	DNEL	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	153,5
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate CAS No: 108-65-6	(Workers)		(mg/kg
EC No: 203-603-9	DNEL (General	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	bw/day)
LC INO. 203-003-3		Definal, Long-term, Systemic effects	54,8 (mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL (General	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,67
	population)	orar, Long term, systemic enects	(mg/kg
	population)		bw/day)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	83
	(Workers)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	14,7
	population)	, 5 , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(mg/m³)
4 mathedraphen 2 mar incl. 1 to 11 to 12	DNEL	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	83
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone	(Workers)	, 3 , 1,111	(mg/m³)
CAS No: 108-10-1	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	14,7
EC No: 203-550-1	population)		(mg/m³)
	DNEL	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	208
	(Workers)	,	(mg/m³)
	DNEL (General	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	155,2
	population)	•	(mg/m³)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Page 10 of 25
Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021



	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	208 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	155,2 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	11,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	4,2 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	4,2 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310 (mg/m³)
butan-1-ol CAS No: 71-36-3	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55 (mg/m³)
EC No: 200-751-6	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,125 (mg/kg bw/day)
xylene CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
EC NO. 213-333-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	15 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	15 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	15 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	15 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	30 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	30 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	30 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	30 (mg/m³)
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	3,31 (mg/kg bw/day)
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,98 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	26,3 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Acute, Systemic effects	15,8 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	446 (μg/cm²)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Local effects	267 (μg/cm²)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Acute, Local effects	5900 (μg/cm²)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Acute, Local effects	3550 (μg/cm²)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	1,98 (mg/kg
			bw/day)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 **Version 6 (replaces version 5)** Revision date: 14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021



	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Acute, Systemic effects	5,94 (mg/kg bw/day)
ethylbenzene CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	77 (mg/m³)
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	133 (mg/m³)
methyl methacrylate, methyl 2-methylprop-2-enoate, methyl 2-methylpropenoate	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	208 (mg/m³)
CAS No: 80-62-6 EC No: 201-297-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	208 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	192 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	56,5 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	192 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	56,5 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	384 (mg/m³)
toluene	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Systemic effects	226 (mg/m³)
CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	384 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Acute, Local effects	226 (mg/m³)
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	384 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	226 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	8,13 (mg/kg bw/day)
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol CAS No: 78-83-1	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	310 (mg/m³)
EC No: 201-148-0	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	55 (mg/m³)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)
n-butyl acetate	STP	35,6 (mg/l)
CAS No: 123-86-4	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg
EC No: 204-658-1		sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981
		(mg/kg
		sediment dw)
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol	aqua (freshwater)	140,9 (mg/L)
CAS No: 67-63-0	aqua (marine water)	140,9 (mg/L)
EC No: 200-661-7	aqua (intermittent releases)	140,9 (mg/L)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 1

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Print date: 02/03/2021 sediment (freshwater) 552 (mg/kg sediment dw) sediment (marine water) 552 (mg/kg sediment dw) Soil 28 (mg/kg soil dw) STP 2251 (mg/L) oral (Hazard for predators) 160 (mg/kg food) aqua (freshwater) 0,635 (mg/L) aqua (marine water) 0,0635 (mg/L) aqua (intermittent releases) 6,35 (mg/L) 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STP 100 (mg/L) CAS No: 108-65-6 sediment (freshwater) 3,29 (mg/kg EC No: 203-603-9 sediment dw) sediment (marine water) 0,329 (mg/kg sediment dw) 0,29 (mg/kg soil dw) aqua (freshwater) 0,6 (mg/L) aqua (marine water) 0,06 (mg/L) aqua (intermittent releases) 1,5 (mg/L) 27,5 (mg/L) 4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone sediment (freshwater) 8,27 (mg/kg CAS No: 108-10-1 sediment dw) EC No: 203-550-1 sediment (marine water) 0,83 (mg/kg sediment dw) soil 1,3 (mg/kg soil dw) 0,082 (mg/L) aqua (freshwater) aqua (marine water) 0,0082 (mg/L) 2,25 (mg/L) aqua (intermittent releases) 2476 (mg/L) butan-1-ol sediment (freshwater) 0,178 (mg/kg CAS No: 71-36-3 sediment dw) EC No: 200-751-6 sediment (marine water) 0,0178 (mg/kg sediment dw) 0,015 (mg/kg soil soil dw) aqua (freshwater) 30 (mg/L) 3 (mg/L) aqua (marine water) 30 (mg/L) aqua (intermittent releases) 123 (mg/L) N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide sediment (freshwater) 115,18 CAS No: 68-12-2 (mg/kg EC No: 200-679-5 sediment dw) sediment (marine water) 11,52 (mg/kg sediment dw) soil 56,97 (mg/kg soil dw) 0,68 (mg/L) aqua (freshwater) aqua (marine water) 0,68 (mg/L) aqua (intermittent releases) 0,68 (mg/L) toluene 13,61 (mg/L) CAS No: 108-88-3 sediment (freshwater) 16,39 (mg/kg EC No: 203-625-9 sediment dw) sediment (marine water) 16,39 (mg/kg sediment dw)

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Print date: 02/03/2021

(mg/kg soil dw)

aqua (freshwater)
aqua (marine water)
aqua (intermittent releases)

STP

10 (mg/L)
sediment (freshwater)

1,52 (mg/kg
sediment dw)
sediment (marine water)

0,152 (mg/kg
sediment dw)
soil

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

8.2 Exposure controls.

CAS No: 78-83-1

EC No: 201-148-0

Measures of a technical nature:

2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

Concentration:	100 %		
Uses:	Solvent-based colors for airbrush painting		
Breathing protect			
PPE:	Filter mask for protection against gases and particles. «CE» marking, category III. The mask must have a wide field of vision and an		
Characteristics: CEN standards:	anatomically designed form in order to be sealed and watertight. EN 136, EN 140, EN 405		
CLIV Stariuarus.			
Maintenance:	Should not be stored in places exposed to high temperatures and damp environments before use. Special attention should be paid to the state of the inhalation and exhalation valves in the face adaptor. Read carefully the manufacturer's instructions regarding the equipment's use and maintenance. Attach		
Observations:	the necessary filters to the equipment according to the specific nature of the risk (Particles and aerosols: P1-P2-P3, Gases and vapours: A-B-E-K-AX), changing them as advised by the manufacturer.		
Filter Type needed:	A2		
Hand protection:			
PPE:	Protective gloves against chemicals.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III.		
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420		
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or		
ridirectionee.	adhesives.		
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.		
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride) Breakthrough time (min.): Material thickness (mm): 0,35		
Eye protection:			
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.		
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168		
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.		
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.		
Skin protection:			
PPE:	Anti-static protective clothing.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.		
CEN standards:	EN 340, EN 1149-1, EN 1149-2, EN 1149-3, EN 1149-5		
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.		

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 14 of 25

Print date: 02/03/2021

The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.

PPE: Anti-static safety footwear.

Characteristics: «CE» marking, category II.

CEN standards: EN ISO 13287, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346

CEN Standards: EN ISO 1328/, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20346

Maintenance: The footwear should be checked regularly

The level of comfort during use and acceptability are factors that are assessed very differently depending Observations: on the user. Therefore, it is advisable to try on different footwear models and, if possible, different

widths.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Liquid with characteristic odour

Colour: rojo Odour:N.A./N.A.

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH:N.A./N.A.

Melting point: N.A./N.A. Boiling Point: 91 °C Flash point: 27 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A. Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A. Vapour pressure: 20,352 Vapour density:N.A./N.A. Relative density:0,88 Solubility:N.A./N.A. Liposolubility: N.A./N.A. Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A. Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

9.2 Other information.

Dropping point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A.= Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

10.4 Conditions to avoid.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Page 15 of 25
Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021

Avoid the following conditions:

- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Explosives materials.
- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. Splashes in the eyes can cause irritation.

IRRITANT MIXTURE. The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name		Acute toxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value	
	Oral	LD50	Rat	10800 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Oral	Toxicology	, Part B. Vol. 1,		
n-butyl acetate	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermai	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 7, 1974			
CAS No: 123-86-4 EC No: 204-658-1	Inhalation	LC50	Rat	1.85 mg/l/4 h [1]	
CAS NO. 123-80-4 EC NO. 204-036-1		[1] Inhalation Toxicology. Vol. 9, Pg. 623, 1997			
		LD50	Rat	5050 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Oral	Oral [1] Gigiena i Sanitariya. For English translation, s Vol. 43(1), Pg. 8, 1978			
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol		LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg bw [1]	
	Dermal		aterial Data Har 1, Pg. 100, 197	ndbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 4	
		LC50	Rat	>10000 ppm (6 h) [1]	
CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-661-7	Inhalation	[1] OECD (report, 199	`	Acute Inhalation Toxicity), study	
		LD50	Rat	6190 mg/kg bw [1]	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	[1] Study Toxicity).	. ,	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral	
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg bw [1]	

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Page 16 of 25
Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021



		[1] Dow Chemical Company Reports. Vol. MSD-1582			
		LCO Rat >4345 ppm (6 h) [1]			
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-603-6	9 Inhalation	[1] Study report, 1980. OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity).			
	0.1	LD50 Rat 2080 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Oral	[1] Union Carbide Data Sheet. Vol. 4/25/1958			
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl kei	tone	LD0 Rat >=2000 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Dermal	[1] OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity) 1987, experimental result, 1996.			
		LC50 Rat >2000 <4000 ppm (4 h) [1]			
CAS No: 108-10-1 EC No: 203-550-	1 Inhalation	[1] RANGE-FINDING TOXICITY DATA: LIST IV, Smyth HF, Carpenter CP & Weil CS, 1951.			
		LD50 Rat 4360 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Oral	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
butan-1-ol		LD50 Rabbit 3402 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Dermal	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
		LC50 Rat 7500 ppm (8 h) [1]			
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-0	5 Inhalation	[1] Union Carbide Corp. Bushy Run Research Center, Project Report No.14-73. Export, PA. 1951.			
	0.1	LD50 Rat 4300 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Oral	[1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956			
xylene		LD50 Rabbit > 1700 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Dermal	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974			
		LC50 Rat 21,7 mg/l/4 h [1]			
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-	7 Inhalation	[1] Raw Material Data Handbook, Vol.1: Organic Solvents, 1974. Vol. 1, Pg. 123, 1974			
		LD50 Mouse 3700 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Oral	[1] BUA-Stoffdossier, N,N-Dimethylformamid, Stand 04/91			
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl forman	nide	LD50 rabbit 1500 mg/kg bw [1]			
N, N difficulty formation	Dermal	[1] IPCS, dimethylformamide, final draft, 04/1990. cited in: BUA-Stoffdossier, N,N-Dimethylformamid, Stand 04/91			
		LC50 rat 5.9 mg/L air (4 h) [1]			
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-	5 Inhalation	[1] BASF AG, department of toxicology, unpublished data, (78/652), 19.07.1979			
		LD50 Rat 3500 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Oral	[1] AMA Archives of Industrial Health. Vol. 14, Pg. 387, 1956			
ethylbenzene		LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg bw [1]			
	Dermal	[1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 803, 1975			
	Inhalation	12-1-1-1 and asserted to making it is a south 1975			
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4 2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	4 Oral	LD50 Rat 2830 mg/kg bw [1]			
2 meanypropan I on 150 battanor	Sitti				

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 17 of 25
14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021

[1] Christopher, S.M. November 30, 1993. "Isobutanol: Acute toxicity and irritancy testing using the rat (peroral and inhalation toxicity) and the rabbit (cutaneous and ocular tests)". Bushy Run Research Center, Union Carbide Corp. Lab. Proj. ID 92U1166

Lab. Proj. ID 92U1166 LD50 Rabbit 4240 mg/kg bw [1]

[1] Smyth H.F. Jr. et al.: AMA Arch. Ind. Hyg. Occup. Med., 10, 61-68, (1954) as cited in IUCLID.

Inhalation

Dermal

CAS No: 78-83-1
a) acute toxicity;

Product classified:

Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4: Harmful if swallowed.

EC No: 201-148-0

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

Mixtures:

ATE (Oral) = 1.400 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Product classified:

Eye irritation, Category 2: Causes serious eye irritation.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
Name	Туре	Test	Kind	Value
n-butyl acetate	Fish	LC50	Fish	81 mg/l (96 h) [1]

CAS No: 123-86-4

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 1

EC No: 204-658-1

propan-2-ol, isopropyl alcohol, isopropanol

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 18 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021 [1] Wellens, H. 1982. Comparison of the Sensitivity of Brachydanio rerio and Leuciscus idus by Testing the Fish Toxicity of Chemicals and Wastewaters. Z.Wasser-Abwasser-Forsch. 51(2):49-52 (GER) (ENG ABS). Dawson, G.W., A.L. Jennings, D. Drozdowski, and E. Rider 1977. The Acute Toxicity of 47 Industrial Chemicals to Fresh and Saltwater Fishes. J.Hazard.Mater. 1(4):303-318 (OECDG Daphnia sp. 44 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] publication, 1959 Desmodesmus subspicatus (reported 674.7 mg/l (72 h) [1] as Scenedesmus subspicatus) [1] Method: other: algae growth inhibition test, according to Umweltbundesamt (German Federal Environment Agency) (proposal/draft, version February 1984) 9640 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T., D.J. Call, D.L. Geiger, and C.E. Northcott 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Vol. 1. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:414 1400 mg/l (48 h) [1] Crustacean [1] Blackman, R.A.A. 1974. Toxicity of Oil-Sinking Agents. Mar.Pollut.Bull. 5:116-118 Scenedesmus 1800 mg/L (7 d) [1] quadricauda Aquatic plants [1] Comparison of the Toxicity Thresholds of Water

CAS No: 67-63-0 EC No: 200-	-661-7	Aquatic plants	Pollutants	,	
		Fish	LC50	Oryzias latipes nment Agency of Japan	100 mg/L (96 h) [1] (1998)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Daphnia magna nment Agency of Japan	407 mg/L (48 h) [1]
		Aquatic plants	EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata)	>1000 mg/L (72 h) [1]
CAS No: 108-65-6 EC No: 203-	-603-9		[1] Enviro	nment Agency of Japan	(1998)
		Fish	LC50	Danio rerio mental result, April 29 t	>179 mg/l (96 h) [1]
4-methylpentan-2-one, isobutyl methyl ketone		Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Daphnia magna	1550 mg/l (24 h) [1]
		invertebrates	Test)		sp. Acute Immobilisation
CAS No: 108-10-1	-550-1	Aquatic plants		Lemna gibba report, 2010. OECD Gui hibition test)	>146 mg/l (7 d) [1] ideline 221 (Lemna sp.
					-Continued on next page.

Data File) EC50

EC50

LC50

Toxicity

threshold

Aquatic invertebrates

Aquatic plants

Fish

Aquatic invertebrates

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018 Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 19 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021 1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]

		Pimephales 1276 (1 (06 h) 513			
		LC50 Printepriates 1376 mg/L (96 h) [1]			
	Fish	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.			
		EC50 Daphnia magna 1328 mg/L (48 h) [1]			
butan-1-ol	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.			
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata) 717 mg/L (96 h) [1]			
CAS No: 71-36-3 EC No: 200-751-6		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises, LLC Technical Information Record WTC-3520.			
		LC50 Fish 15,7 mg/l (96 h) [1]			
	Fish	[1] Bailey, H.C., D.H.W. Liu, and H.A. Javitz 1985. Time/Toxicity Relationships in Short-Term Static, Dynamic, and Plug-Flow Bioassays. In: R.C.Bahner and D.J.Hansen (Eds.), Aquatic Toxicology and Hazard Assessment, 8th Symposium, ASTM STP 891, Philadelphia, PA:193-212			
		LC50 Crustacean 8,5 mg/l (48 h) [1]			
xylene	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Tatem, H.E., B.A. Cox, and J.W. Anderson 1978. The Toxicity of Oils and Petroleum Hydrocarbons to Estuarine Crustaceans. Estuar.Coast.Mar.Sci. 6(4):365-373. Tatem, H.E. 1975. The Toxicity and Physiological Effects of Oil and Petroleum Hydrocarbons on Estuarine Grass Shrimp Palaemonetes pugio (Holthuis). Ph.D.Thesis, Texas A&M University, College Station, TX:133 p			
CAS No: 1330-20-7 EC No: 215-535-7	Aquatic plants				
CAS NO. 1330-20-7 EC NO. 213-333-7	Fish	LC50 Lepomis 7100 mg/L (96 h) [1] [1] Poirier, S.H. et al.: Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol.			
		37,[615-621 (1986)			
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Aquatic arthropod 14530 mg/L (48 h) [1]			
	Aquatic plants	[1] Call,D.J. et al., PB83-263665, (1983) Scenedesmus subspicatus (Desmodesmus subspicatus) 1000 mg/L (96 h) [1]			
CAS No: 68-12-2 EC No: 200-679-5		[1] BASF AG, department of ecology, unpublished data 1019/88, 05.12.1988			
ethylbenzene	Fish	LC50 Fish 80 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Mayer, F.L.Jr., and M.R. Ellersieck 1986. Manual of Acute Toxicity: Interpretation and Data Base for 410 Chemicals and 66 Species of Freshwater Animals. Resour.Publ.No.160, U.S.Dep.Interior, Fish Wildl.Serv., Washington, DC:505 p. (USGS Data File) LC50 Crustacean 16,2 mg/l (48 h) [1]			
į.		-/ J/ \/ L-1			

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/0 Version 6 (replaces version 5)	3/2018 Revision date:	Page 20 of 25 : 14/12/2020 Print date: 02/03/2021
	invertebrates	[1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
CAS No: 100-41-4 EC No: 202-849-4	Aquatic plants	EC50 Algae 5 mg/l (72 h) [1] [1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L. Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169. Masten, L.W., R.L. Boeri, and J.D. Walker 1994. Stategies Employed to Determine the Acute Aquatic Toxicity of Ethyl Benzene, a Highly Volatile, Poorly Water-Soluble Chemical. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 27(3):335-348
	Fish	LC50 Fish 31,7 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI:332
toluene	Aquatic invertebrates	LC50 Crustacean 92 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] MacLean, M.M., and K.G. Doe 1989. The Comparative Toxicity of Crude and Refined Oils to Daphnia magna and Artemia. Environment Canada, EE-111, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia :64 p
CAS No: 108-88-3 EC No: 203-625-9	Aquatic plants	EC50 Algae 12,5 mg/l (72 h) [1] [1] Galassi, S., M. Mingazzini, L. Vigano, D. Cesareo, and M.L.Tosato 1988. Approaches to Modeling Toxic Responses of Aquatic Organisms to Aromatic Hydrocarbons. Ecotoxicol.Environ.Saf. 16(2):158-169
	Fish	EC50 Pimephales promelas 1430 mg/L (96 h h) [1] [1] Brooke, L.T. et al., 1984. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas). Vol. I. Center for Lake Superior Environmental Studies. University of Wisconsin-Superior. EC50 Daphnia magna 1300 mg/L (48 h) [1]
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol	Aquatic invertebrates	[1] Elnabarawy MT, Welter AN, Robideau RR. 1986. relative sensitivity of three daphnid species to selected organic and inorganic chemicals. Environ Toxicol Chem 5: 393-398.
	Aquatic plants	Selenastrum capricornutum (Pseudokirchnerell a subcapitata) Selenastrum 717 mg/L (96 h) [1]
CAS No: 78-83-1 EC No: 201-148-0		[1] Wong, D.C.L, P.B. Dorn, and J.P. Salanitro. 1998. Aquatic Toxicity of Four Oxy-Solvents. Equilon Enterprises,

12.2 Persistence and degradability.

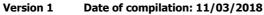
No information is available regarding the biodegradability of the substances present.

No information is available on the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

LLC|Technical Information Record WTC-3520.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 21 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name -			Bioaccumulation			
		Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level	
heptan-2-one, methyl am	heptan-2-one, methyl amyl ketone					
CAS No: 110-43-0	EC No: 203-767-1	1,98	-	-	Very low	
n-butyl acetate		1 70			Voncloss	
CAS No: 123-86-4	EC No: 204-658-1	1,78	-	-	Very low	
propan-2-ol, isopropyl alc	ohol, isopropanol	0,05	-	-	Very low	
CAS No: 67-63-0	EC No: 200-661-7	0,05				
4-methylpentan-2-one, iso	obutyl methyl ketone	1,31			Very low	
CAS No: 108-10-1	EC No: 203-550-1	1,51	-	-	very low	
butan-1-ol		0,84		_	Very low	
CAS No: 71-36-3	EC No: 200-751-6	0,04	-	-	very low	
N, N-dimethylformamide, dimethyl formamide		-1,01			Voncloss	
CAS No: 68-12-2	EC No: 200-679-5	-1,01	-	-	Very low	
ethylbenzene		3,15			Moderate	
CAS No: 100-41-4	EC No: 202-849-4	3,13	-	-	Moderate	
toluene		2 73			Low	
CAS No: 108-88-3	EC No: 203-625-9	2,73	<u>-</u>	-	LOW	
2-methylpropan-1-ol, iso-butanol		0.76				
CAS No: 78-83-1	EC No: 201-148-0	0,76	-	-	Very low	

12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil. The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.

Prevent penetration into the ground.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and $\mbox{\sc vPvB}$ assessment of the product.

12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red



Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 22 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

Land: Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

<u>Sea</u>: Transport by ship: IMDG. Transport documentation: Bill of lading <u>Air</u>: Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA. Transport document: Airway bill.

14.1 UN number. UN No: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (D/E) IMDG: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III ICAO/IATA: UN 1263, PAINT, 3, PG III

14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30 ADR LQ: 5 L IMDG LQ: 5 L ICAO LQ: 10 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR. Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E, S-E Proceed in accordance with point 6.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 23 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

Volatile organic compound (VOC)

Product Subcategory (Directive 2004/42/EC): E - Special finishes (All types)

Phase I* (from 01/01/2007): 840 g/l Phase II* (from 01/01/2010): 840 g/l

(*) g/l ready to use

VOC content (p/p): 82,133 % VOC content: 722,516 g/l

The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Restrictions on the manufacturing, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles:

Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
48. Toluene	Shall not be placed on the market, or used, as a substance or in mixtures in a
CAS No 108-88-3	concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight where the substance
EC No 203-625-9	or mixture is used in adhesives or spray paints intended for supply to the
	general public.

Kind of pollutant to water (Germany): WGK 1: Slightly hazardous to water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child

May damage the unborn child. H360D H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H373 May cause damage to organs <or state all organs affected, if known> through prolonged or repeated exposure <state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard>.(órganos de audición)

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 24 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4 Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1: Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 3: Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 : Serious eye damage, Category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3 Repr. 1B : Reproductive toxicant, Category 1B Repr. 2 : Reproductive toxicant, Category 2

STOT RE 2 : Specific target organ toxicity following a repeated exposure, Category 2 STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2 Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1

Changes regarding to the previous version:

- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 2.1).
- Removal of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Addition of precautionary statements/hazard statements/pictograms/signal word (SECTION 2.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Changes in the composition of the product (SECTION 3.2).
- Modification of the symptoms (SECTION 4.2).
- Modification of the medical attention measures (SECTION 4.3).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.1).
- Modifications in the handling and storage precautions (SECTION 7.2).
- Addition of exposure data (SECTION 8.1).
- Addition of personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modifications of the personal protective equipment (SECTION 8.2).
- Modification in the values of the physical and chemical properties (SECTION 9).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.1).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.3).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.4).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.5).
- Modification of the information of the stability and reactivity conditions (SECTION 10.6).
- Change in the hazard classification (SECTION 11.1).
- Addition of ecological information values (SECTION 12.3).
- Modification of the classification ADR/IMDG/ICAO/IATA/RID (SECTION 14).
- National legislative changes (SECTION 15.1).

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Physical hazards On basis of test data
Health hazards Calculation method
Environmental hazards Calculation method

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.

BCF: Bioconcentration factor.

CEN: European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be

considered a tolerable minimum.

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

KCS-HR-KCS Hot Rod Red

Version 1 Date of compilation: 11/03/2018

Version 6 (replaces version 5) Revision date: 14/12/2020



Page 25 of 25 Print date: 02/03/2021

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not

anticipated.

EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.

PPE: Personal protection equipment.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water. NOEC: No observed effect concentration.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are

not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID: Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html

http://echa.europa.eu/

Regulation (EU) 2015/830. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.