

SAFETY DATA SHEET

## NRS500 NITROMORS RUST ARMOUR 500ML

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	NRS500 NITROMORS RUST ARMOUR 500ML	
Product number	003334000516	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Identified uses	Rust inhibitor.	
Uses advised against	Use only for intended applications.	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	he safety data sheet	
Supplier	TETROSYL LTD	
	Bury	
	Lancashire	
	England	
	BL9 7NY	
	0161 764 5981	
	0161 797 5899	
	info@tetrosyl.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number		
1.4. Emergency telephone nu	mber	
1.4. Emergency telephone num Emergency telephone	mber +44 (0)161 764 5981	
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Emergency telephone SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards	+44 (0)161 764 5981 ation tance or mixture Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373	
Emergency telephone SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards 2.2. Label elements	+44 (0)161 764 5981 ation tance or mixture Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373	
Emergency telephone SECTION 2: Hazards identific 2.1. Classification of the subst Classification (EC 1272/2008) Physical hazards Health hazards Environmental hazards	+44 (0)161 764 5981 ation tance or mixture Aerosol 1 - H222, H229 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373	

Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</li> <li>H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P102 Keep out of reach of children.</li> <li>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</li> <li>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</li> <li>P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.</li> <li>P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.</li> <li>P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Contains	Acetone, Xylene (mixture of isomers)
Supplementary precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</li> <li>P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P314 Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell.</li> <li>P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local regulations.</li> </ul>

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

#### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

Acetone		30- < 60%
CAS number: 67-64-1	EC number: 200-662-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119471330-49-XXXX
EUH066		
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H336		

Petroleum gases, liquefied		10 - <30%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
Dimethyl ether		10 - <30%
CAS number: 115-10-6	EC number: 204-065-8	REACH registration number: 01- 2119472128-37-XXXX
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Gas 1A - H220 Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
Xylene (mixture of isomers)		10 - <30%
CAS number: 1330-20-7	EC number: 215-535-7	REACH registration number: 01- 2119488216-32-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Ethylbenzene		1 - <5%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4	
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		
Ethylbenzene		1 - <5%
CAS number: 100-41-4	EC number: 202-849-4	REACH registration number: 01- 2119489370-35-XXXX
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412		

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Styrene			<1%
CAS number: 100-42-5	EC number: 202-851-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457861-32-XXXX	
Classification			
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226			
Acute Tox. 4 - H332			
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319			
Repr. 2 - H361d			
STOT SE 3 - H335			
STOT RE 1 - H372			
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304			
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Propane-1,2-diol			<1%
CAS number: 57-55-6	EC number: 200-338-0	REACH registration number: 01- 2119456809-23-XXXX	
Classification			
Not Classified			
Phthalic anhydride			<1%
CAS number: 85-44-9	EC number: 201-607-5	REACH registration number: 01- 2119457017-41-XXXX	
Classification			
Acute Tox. 4 - H302			
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315			
Eye Dam. 1 - H318			
Resp. Sens. 1 - H334			
Skin Sens. 1 - H317			
STOT SE 3 - H335			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			<1%
CAS number: 108-65-6	EC number: 203-603-9	REACH registration number: 01- 2119475791-29-XXXX	
Classification			
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226			

<b>n-butyl acetate</b> CAS number: 123-86-4 EUH066	EC number: 204-658-1	REACH registration number: 01- 2119485493-29-XXXX	<1%
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336			
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol CAS number: 34590-94-8	EC number: 252-104-2	REACH registration number: 01- 2119450011-60-XXXX	<1%
Classification Not Classified			
Iron(1+), chloro[dimethyl 9,9-dihydrox pyridinyl-kN)-7-[(2-pyridinyl-kN)methy diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane-1,5-dicarbo chloride	]-3,7-		<1%
CAS number: 478945-46-9	EC number: 610-388-9		
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT RE 2 - H373 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412			
Toluene			<1%
CAS number: 108-88-3	EC number: 203-625-9		
Classification Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Repr. 2 - H361d STOT SE 3 - H336 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Ha			

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** 

If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly. Due to the small packaging, the risk of ingestion is minimal. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.
Skin contact	Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent.
Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Spray/mists may cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	Vapour or spray in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting. Particles in the eyes may cause irritation and smarting.
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed
Specific treatments	Treat symptomatically.
Specific treatments SECTION 5: Firefighting measurements	
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SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising free	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Om the substance or mixture Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas 5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media 5.2. Special hazards arising fr Specific hazards	The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. <b>om the substance or mixture</b> Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic

Special protective equipmentWear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective<br/>clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 (including helmets,<br/>protective boots and gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Not considered to be a significant hazard due to the small quantities used.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Methods for cleaning up Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Provide adequate ventilation. Small Spillages: Wipe up with an absorbent cloth and dispose of waste safely. Large Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. The product is flammable. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Avoid contact with eyes.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage	e, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautionsStore away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from oxidising materials,<br/>heat and flames. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Keep<br/>containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not expose to temperatures<br/>exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Store<br/>in accordance with national regulations.

Storage class

Chemical storage. Aerosol containers and lighters

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### Acetone

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Petroleum gases, liquefied

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **Dimethyl ether**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 400 ppm 766 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 500 ppm 958 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Xylene (mixture of isomers)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Ethylbenzene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 125 ppm 552 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Styrene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 430 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 1080 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### Propane-1,2-diol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> particulate Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> total vapour and particulates

#### Phthalic anhydride

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sen

#### 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 274 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 548 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### n-butyl acetate

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 150 ppm 724 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 200 ppm 966 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

#### Iron(1+), chloro[dimethyl 9,9-dihydroxy-3-methyl-2,4-di(2-pyridinyl-kN)-7-[(2-pyridinyl-kN)methyl]-3,7diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane-1,5-dicarboxylate-kN3,kN7]-, chloride

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> as Fe

#### Toluene

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 50 ppm 191 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 100 ppm 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Sk

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin. Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma.

#### Acetone (CAS: 67-64-1)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 186 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 62 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 1.06 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 100 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 30.4 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 3.04 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 29.5 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	Dimethyl ether (CAS: 115-10-6)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1894 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 471 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.155 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.016 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 160 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 0.681 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.069 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.045 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	Xylene (mixture of isomers) (CAS: 1330-20-7)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 108 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day

PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.327 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.327 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 6.58 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 12.46 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 12.46 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 2.31 mg/kg</li> </ul>		
	Ethylbenzene (CAS: 100-41-4)		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 77 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 293 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 180 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 1.6 mg/kg/day		
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.1 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.01 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 9.6 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 13.7 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 1.37 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 2.68 mg/kg</li> <li>Oral; 0.02 g/kg</li> </ul>		
	Styrene (CAS: 100-42-5)		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 85 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 306 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 406 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 174.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 182.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2.1 mg/kg/day		
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.028 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.014 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 5 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 0.614 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.307 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.2 mg/kg</li> </ul>		
	Propane-1,2-diol (CAS: 57-55-6)		
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 168 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 260 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 26 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 20000 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 572 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 57.2 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 50 mg/kg</li> </ul>		

#### Phthalic anhydride (CAS: 85-44-9)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 32.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 10 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 8.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 5 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 1 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.1 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 10 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 3.8 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.38 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.173 mg/kg</li> </ul>
	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (CAS: 108-65-6)
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 796 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 33 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 33 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 320 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 36 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.635 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.064 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 100 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 3.29 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.329 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.29 mg/kg</li> </ul>
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 11 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 6 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 2 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 2 mg/kg/day
PNEC	<ul> <li>Fresh water; 0.18 mg/l</li> <li>marine water; 0.018 mg/l</li> <li>STP; 35.6 mg/l</li> <li>Sediment (Freshwater); 0.981 mg/kg</li> <li>Sediment (Marinewater); 0.098 mg/kg</li> <li>Soil; 0.09 mg/kg</li> </ul>

#### (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (CAS: 34590-94-8)

DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 308 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 283 mg/kg/day General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 37.2 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 121 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 36 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 19 mg/l - marine water; 1.9 mg/l - STP; 4168 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 70.2 mg/l - Sediment (Marinewater); 7.02 mg/kg - Soil; 2.74 mg/kg
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients.
Eye/face protection	Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.
Hygiene measures	Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Respiratory protection	Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'CE'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN14387. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN136. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with European Standard EN140.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Various colours.
Odour	Organic solvents.
Initial boiling point and range	-40 to -2°C (LPG/DME)

Flash point	-104°C (LPG)
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	1.4 - 26.2% (V) (LPG/DME)
Vapour pressure	513 - 1760kPa (LPG/DME)
Auto-ignition temperature	226°C (DME)
9.2. Other information	
Volatility	Volatile.
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity
10.1. Reactivity	
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.
10.2. Chemical stability	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Possibility of hazardous reactions	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidising agents.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid the following conditions: Freezing.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use.
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
SECTION 11: Toxicological int	formation
11.1. Information on toxicologi	cal effects
Acute toxicity - dermal	
ATE dermal (mg/kg)	6,739.98
Acute toxicity - inhalation ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	57.22
Inhalation	Gas or vapour may irritate the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Vapour may irritate respiratory system/lungs.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur. Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach. May cause discomfort if swallowed. May cause stomach pain or vomiting.
Skin contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye contact	May cause eye irritation. May cause serious eye damage.

Route of exposure	Inhalation Ingestion Skin and/or eye contact
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	nation
12.1. Toxicity	
Toxicity	The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature.
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ibility
Persistence and degradability	Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days. The other substances in the product are not expected to be readily biodegradable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	<u>u</u>
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product. Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product hardens to a solid, immobile substance.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.
SECTION 13: Disposal conside	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>S</u>
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Dispose of waste product or used containers in accordance with local regulations
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Empty containers must not be punctured or incinerated because of the risk of an explosion. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Waste class	
	The waste code classification is to be carried out according to the European Waste Catalogue (EWC).
SECTION 14: Transport inform	(EWC).
	(EWC).
SECTION 14: Transport inform	(EWC).
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number	(EWC).
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID)	(EWC). nation
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG)	(EWC). <b>nation</b> 1950 1950
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO)	(EWC). <b>nation</b> 1950 1950 1950 1950
SECTION 14: Transport inform 14.1. UN number UN No. (ADR/RID) UN No. (IMDG) UN No. (ICAO) UN No. (ADN)	(EWC). <b>nation</b> 1950 1950 1950 1950

Proper	shippina	name	(ICAO)	AEROSOLS
1 TOPOL	o nppnig	namo	(10,10)	/ LI COOLO

Proper shipping name (ADN)	AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(e	s)
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ADR/RID class	2.1
ADR/RID classification code	5F
ADR/RID label	2.1
IMDG class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1
ADN class	2.1

#### Transport labels



14.4. Packing group	
None	
None	
None	
None	

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-D, S-U
ADR transport category	2
Tunnel restriction code	(D)

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
	The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
	Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
	The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).

#### EU legislation

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18
December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of
Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).
Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 of 28 May 2015.
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16
December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC) (as amended).

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### Inventories

#### **EU - EINECS/ELINCS**

**SECTION 16: Other information** 

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Abbreviations and acronyms	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
used in the safety data sheet	Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by
	Inland Waterways.
	RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
	IATA: International Air Transport Association.
	ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.
	IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.
	CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.
	ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.
	LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.
	LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).
	EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.
	PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.
	vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Aerosol = Aerosol
Key literature references and sources for data	Source: European Chemicals Agency, http://echa.europa.eu/
Classification procedures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: : Expert judgement.
Revision date	14/09/2021
Revision	2
Supersedes date	10/06/2021
SDS number	9488

Hazard statements in full	H220 Extremely flammable gas.
	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
	H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H301 Toxic if swallowed.
	H302 Harmful if swallowed.
	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
	H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
	H315 Causes skin irritation.
	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
	H332 Harmful if inhaled.
	H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H372 Causes damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H373 May cause damage to organs (Hearing organs) through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
	H373 May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Kidneys) through
	prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.