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Safety Data Sheet ULTRA RAPID LEATHER CLEANER



Safety Data Sheet dated 21/9/2021, edition 3, version 8

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name:

ULTRA RAPID LEATHER CLEANER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use:

Mixtures for the industrial and/or professional care and maintenance of leather and fabric.

Uses advised against:

Stick to the recommended use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier:

FENICE S.p.A. - V. del Lavoro,1 - 36078 Valdagno (VI) Italy

FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

ufficio.sicurezza@fenice.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

FENICE S.p.A. - Tel. +39.0445.424.888 (8:00-12:00; 14:00-17:30)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear eye protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor.

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of isothiazolinones. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains

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Isotridecanol, ethoxylated Triethanolamine Alkyl Sulfate

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None $\,$

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration \geq 0.1% Other Hazards:

No other hazards.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not available

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Number		Classification
>= 5% - < 7%	2-butoxyethanol	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	603-014-00-0 111-76-2 203-905-0 01-2119475108-36	 ♦ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 ♦ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 ♦ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 ♦ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 ♦ 3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw
>= 3% - < 5%	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	34590-94-8 252-104-2 01-2119450011-60	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.
>= 2.5% - < 3%	Isotridecanol, ethoxylated	CAS: EC:	9043-30-5 500-027-2	 \$\bigodot{\displays1}{\displays1}\$ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 \$4.1/C3\$ Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 \$\displays2\$ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
>= 1% - < 2.5%	Triethanolamine Alkyl Sulfate	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	90583-18-9 939-265-0 01-2119970645-28	 ♦ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 ♦ 3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 ♦ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 ♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Specific Concentration Limits: C >= 20%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 10% <= C < 20%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319
>= 0.01% - < 0.05%	bronopol (INN)	Index number: CAS: EC:	603-085-00-8 52-51-7 200-143-0	 ♦ 3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335 ♦ 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 ♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 ♦ 4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=10. ♦ 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 ♦ 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312

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14 ppm	reaction mass of isothiazolinones	Index number:	613-167-00-5	2 1/2/Inhal Aguta Tay 2 H220
Tr ppin	Todousii iilass of isotiliazoiillollos			3.1/2/Inhal Acute Tox. 2 H330
		CAS:	55965-84-9	3.1/2/Dermal Acute Tox. 2
		EC:	611-341-5	H310
				3.1/3/Oral Acute Tox. 3 H301
				♦ 3.2/1C Skin Corr. 1C H314
				♦ 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318
				③ 3.4.2/1A Skin Sens. 1A H317
				4.1/A1 Aquatic Acute 1 H400
				M=100.
				4.1/C1 Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
				M=100.
				EUH071
				Specific Concentration Limits:
				C >= 0,6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314
				0,06% <= C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2
				H315
				C >= 0,6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0,06% <= C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2
				H319
		er 100 cm		$C \ge 0.0015\%$: Skin Sens. 1A
				H317

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents):

non-ionic surfactants <5% anionic surfactants <5%

Preservatives:

Methyl chlorois othiazolin one

Methylisothiazolinone

bronopol perfumes

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

In case of respiratory problems, medical care is needed.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

For the most important symptoms and effects, caused by exposure, see the label (section 2) and/or section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

CO2, foam, dry extinguishers, nebulised water.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Do not use jets of water as it can cause the spread of fire.

Water can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not inhale combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

EOUIPMENT

Fire fighting clothing i. e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure air breathing apparatus (BN EN 137).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: inert absorbing material.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop the leak or spill if this is not a risk. Use inert absorbent material to surround the contaminated area. Collect the product wearing, if necessary, appropriate protective equipment for a possible recovering or for disposal. Dispose in line with current laws and norms. Do not pour into drains.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Avoid contemporary handling of any incompatible materials (see section 10).

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Do not eat or drink while working. Do not smoke.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Wash hands after use

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a well-ventilated place at a temperture between +5/40°C.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

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Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular, except those listed in paragraph 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Source: GESTIS International Limit Values Database

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 97 mg/m3, 20 ppm

MAK - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 20 ppm - Notes: A3, BEI - Eye and URT irr

EU - TWA(8h): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL(): 196 mg/m3, 40 ppm Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL(): 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm

España - TWA: 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 245 mg/m3, 50 ppm

France - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding

Italia - TWA: 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm

Nederland - TWA: 100 mg/m3 - STEL: 246 mg/m3

Österreich - TWA: 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 200 mg/m3, 40 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert STEL

= Kurzzeitwert

Polska - TWA: 98 mg/m3 - STEL: 200 mg/m3

România - TWA: 150 mg/m3, 30 ppm - STEL(): 250 mg/m3, 50 ppm Sverige - TWA: 50 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL(): 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm Türkiye - TWA: 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm

United Kingdom - TWA: 123 mg/m3, 25 ppm - STEL: 246 mg/m3, 50 ppm

Switzerland - TWA: 49 mg/m3, 10 ppm - STEL: 98 mg/m3, 20 ppm

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

TLV-ACGIH - TWA: 606 mg/m3, 100 ppm - STEL: 909 mg/m3, 150 ppm

MAK - TWA: 310 mg/m3, 50 ppm

ACGIH - TWA(8h): 100 ppm - STEL: 150 ppm - Notes: Skin - Eye and URT irr, CNS impair

EU - TWA(8h): 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Skin

Deutschaland (AGS) - TWA: 310 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour

Deutschaland (DFG) - TWA: 310 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(): 310 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Notes: Inhalable aerosol and vapour

España - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm

France - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm - Behaviour: Binding

Italia - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm Nederland - TWA: 300 mg/m3

Österreich - TWA: 307 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 614 mg/m3, 100 ppm - Notes: TWA = MAK Langzeitwert

STEL = Kurzzeitwert

Polska - TWA: 240 mg/m3 - STEL: 280 mg/m3

România - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm

Sverige - TWA: 300 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL(): 450 mg/m3, 75 ppm

Türkiye - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm

United Kingdom - TWA: 308 mg/m3, 50 ppm

People's Republic of China - TWA: 600 mg/m3 - STEL: 900 mg/m3 - Notes: skin

Switzerland - TWA: 300 mg/m3, 50 ppm - STEL: 300 mg/m3, 50 ppm

Legal base:

TLV-ACGIH: ACGIH 2014 **

MAK values: List of MAK and BAT Values 2018** UE European Union: Directive 2000/39/CE**

Deutschaland (AGS): Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe, Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte, TRGS 900**

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Deutschaland (DFG): MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012**

España: INSHT - Limites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015**

France: Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agentes chimiques en france. ED 984. INRS (2006)**

Italia: Decreto Ministeriale 26/02/2004**

Nederland: Nationale wettelijke publieke grenswaarden**

Österreich: Grenzwerteverordnung 2003 - GVK 2003**

România: HOTARÂRE Nr. 1218 din 6 septembrie 2006 and Complement from 2012 at www.mmuncii.ro** Sverige: Occupational Exposure Limit Values, Statute Book of the Swedish Work Environment Authority,

AFS 2011:18, English Transaction**

United Kingdom: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits**

Switzerland: www.suva.ch

**and updates

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Consumer: 26.7 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 6.3 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 1091 mg/m³ - Consumer: 147 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency:

Short Term, local effects

Consumer: 426 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 98 mg/m³ - Consumer: 59 mg/m³ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long

Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Consumer: 89 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: 125 mg/kg - Consumer: 75 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Consumer: 36 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 308 mg/m^3 - Consumer: 37.2 mg/m^3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency:

Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 283 mg/kg - Consumer: 121 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

reaction mass of isothiazolinones - CAS: 55965-84-9

Worker Industry: 0.02 mg/m^3 - Consumer: 0.02 mg/m^3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency:

Long Term, local effects

Worker Industry: $0.04\ mg/m^3$ - Consumer: $0.04\ mg/m^3$ - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency:

Short Term (acute)

Consumer: 0.09 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 0.11 mg/kg - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term (acute)

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 463 mg/l

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 8.8 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 34.6 mg/kg

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.88 mg/l

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 3.46 mg/kg

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.33 mg/kg

Target: Food chain - Value: 20 mg/kg - Type of hazard: Secondary poisoning

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - CAS: 34590-94-8

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 19 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 1.9 mg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 70.2 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 7.02 mg/kg

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Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 4168 mg/l

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 2.74 mg/kg reaction mass of isothiazolinones - CAS: 55965-84-9

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 3.39 μg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 3.39 μg/l

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 0.23 µg/l

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.027 mg/kg Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.027 mg/kg

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.01 mg/kg

Biological Exposure Index

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

 $Value: 100 \ mg/L - Biological \ Indicator: But ossiac etico \ acid \ (BAA) \ in \ urine - Sampling \ Period: End \ of \ acid \ (BAA) \ in \ urine - Sampling \ Period: End \ of \ acid \ (BAA)$

working week (TRGS 903)

Value: 150 mg/g - medium: Urine - Biological Indicator: Butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) -

Sampling Period: End of turn; End of working week creatinine (TRGS 903)

8.2. Exposure controls

As the adoption of adequate preventive measures must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that:

- in case of inhalation exposure limit values, the workplace is well ventilated through an effective local aspiration system or other technical equipment, in order to maintain airborne levels below the exposure limits values
- if inhalation exposure limit values are not applicable, a good general ventilation is generally sufficient for most operations
- an emergency shower with face and eye wash station is available
- personal protective equipment is CE marked, in compliance with applicable standards

Individual protection measures

Use in well-ventilated areas. Do not breathe vapours. Do not get in eyes and on skin.

Adopt a correct personal hygiene. Do not consume or store food in the work areas.

Wash hands before smoking or eating.

Eye protection:

Use eye protecting goggles suitable to chemical risks.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin.

Protection for hands:

Protect hands with gloves suitable for protection against chemical agents (see standard EN 374).

In case of short-term exposure (splash protection):

Nitrile, neoprene or butyl rubber gloves

Breakthrough time: 30 min Minimum thickness: 0.4 mm In case of long-term exposure: Butyl rubber, Viton or nitrile gloves

Breakthrough time: 480 min Minimum thickness: 0.7 mm

The information provided here is indicative. The following parameters should be considered when choosing work glove material: degradation, failure time and permeability.

In case of chemical mixtures, the work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and frequency of use.

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation or mists/vapours/aerosol exposure (eg. spray application) use local aspiration system or a respiratory protective equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes:
Physical state:	Liquid	Reg (EC) no. 1272/2008, Annex I, section 1.0	
Colour:	Colourless		
Odour:	charatteristic		
Melting point/freezing point:	0 °C	Expert judgement	
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 °C	Expert judgement	
Flammability:	Flammable	Expert judgement	
Lower and upper explosion limit:	Not Relevant*		
Flash point:	>93 °C	Expert judgement	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not Relevant*		
Decomposition temperature:	Not Relevant*		
pH:	10 +/- 1 (1:10)	UNI EN 1245:2011	
Kinematic viscosity:	Not available	-/ A	
Solubility in water:	miscible	(1:10) water	
Solubility in other solvents:	not miscible in organic solvents	Expert judgement	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value):	Not Relevant*		6)
Vapour pressure:	Not Relevant*	-/////	
Density and/or relative density:	1.00 +/- 0.05 g/cm3	UNI EN ISO 2811-1	
Relative vapour density:	Not Relevant*		

Particle characteristics:

Particle size:	Not Relevant*	

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

*Data not applicable or not relevant due to the nature of the product and / or on account of its chemical composition.

VOC total content: 8-10%

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None in particular in the normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

The product is stable under normal storage/use conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May produce toxic and noxious fumes in case of fire.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evalueted according to the

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properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

Toxicological information of the product:

a) acute toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

b) skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

c) serious eye damage/irritation

The product is classified: Eye Dam. 1 H318

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

e) germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

f) carcinogenicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

g) reproductive toxicity

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

h) STOT-single exposure

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

i) STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

j) aspiration hazard

Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Serious eye damage/irritation

This product may cause serious ocular lesions, cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Further information

Inhalation: may cause drowsiness and headaches.

The product may cause allergic reactions in sensitive persons.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

2-butoxyethanol - CAS: 111-76-2

a) acute toxicity

ATE - Oral 1200 mg/kg bw

Isotridecanol, ethoxylated - CAS: 9043-30-5

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat 300-2000 mg/kg

bronopol (INN) - CAS: 52-51-7

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 305 mg/kg

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Mist - Species: Rat = 800 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h

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Further information

No one in particular.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt sound working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Not classified for environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12.2. Persistence and degradability

None

Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

This material is NOT RESTRICTED for transportation (ADR/RID, IMDG, IATA, ICAO).

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not available

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not available

14.4. Packing group

Not available

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not available

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not available

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

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Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) II. 2010/11/9 (ATI 9 CLI)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC)

1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

Restriction 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

Restriction 75

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Based on information we have, a Chemical Safety Assessment, if expected, has been carried out for the substances in the mixture by the manufacturer or the importer.

SECTION 16: Other information

Text of phrases referred to under heading 3:

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

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H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Hazard class and hazard	Code	Description
category		
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 2
Acute Tox. 2	3.1/2/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	3.1/3/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Skin Corr. 1C	3.2/1C	Skin corrosion, Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2
Skin Sens. 1A	3.4.2/1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	4.1/A1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	4.1/C1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

This safety data sheet has been completely updated in compliance to Regulation 2020/878.

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Further information

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

The information given is based on our present knowledge, at the time of sending the data sheet and only serves for describing the product for security reasons, without guaranteeing specific properties.

Due to the various uses of our product and for factors not dependent on us, no responsibility is accepted for the use of this information.

Please keep your records up to date and make this sheet available to all relevant personnel. This safety sheet cancels and substitutes any other previous issue.

Main bibliographic sources:

NIOSH - Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances (1983)

I.N.R.S. - Fiche Toxicologique

ECHA database on registered substances (http://apps.echa.europa.eu/registered/registered-sub.aspx)

ECHA Classification and Labelling Inventory (http://echa.europa.eu/clp/c l inventory en.asp)

GESTIS hazardous substances database of German Berufsgenossenschaften

(http://www.dguv.de/ifa/Gefahrstoffdatenbanken/GESTIS-Stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp)

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

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CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical

Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of

Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport

Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation

Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods. INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous

Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA: Time-weighted average
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

